City Of Berlin, NH Annual Report

Fiscal Pear July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018





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Berlin City Council

Fiscal Pear July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

<u>Mayor</u> Paul Grenier

Councilors:

Russell Otis Lucie Remillard Michael Gentili Denise Morgan-Allain Michael Rozek Peter Higbee Diana Nelson Roland Théberge



City Manager

The Burgess BioPower biomass plant continues to operate efficiently while providing 25 direct jobs and supports many more indirect jobs and services.

Jericho Wind Power (recently acquired by LS Power) completed construction of its 5-tower wind farm in 2015. The 2.85 mega-watt towers are online and are producing power to the grid. The first payment in lieu of taxes made by agreement to the City occurred in July of 2016. The agreement will provide increasing revenues to the City over the next 20-year period.

Smith Hydro, formerly owned by Eversourse, was sold to Hull St. Energy and is now being operated by Central Rivers Power, LLC. The plant has a 15 MW capacity and employs 5 people locally.

Brookfield Renewable operates three hydroelectric facilities in the City; Sawmill – 3.2 MW, Riverside – 7.9 MW and Cross – 3.2 MW. Brookfield employs 12 staff including an administrative assistant, operations manager, planner, project manager and multiple technicians.

Capone Iron Corporation expanded their fabrication space and has added a total of 25 jobs which is 12 more jobs than reported last year. They have plans to hire additional staff.

The Gorham Paper Mill continues to operate and improve product lines and actively seek employees. They continue to operate with approximately 113 employees. Of the 123 employees, 22 were replaced through attrition with new employees.

The Federal Corrections Institutions current staffing is 235 employees. This is slightly down from last year's employment total.

They continue to actively recruit additional staff.

Androscoggin Valley Hospital continues to develop its association with the other 3 North Country hospitals in order to improve the quality of services while decreasing costs. AVH currently employs 363 individuals.

The Berlin Industrial Development Park Authority's (BIDPA) mission is to promote the development and preservation of business and industry to serve the City of Berlin. BIDPA has acquired a 215-acre parcel that is situated immediately north of the current industrial park. BIDPA is in continued discussions with a commercial agricultural enterprise who wishes to occupy the site. This has been an attenuated process for a variety of reasons but it is still being worked on. This enterprise is expected to create 80 jobs.

The City's number of tax deeded properties taken in fiscal year 2018 was similar to that taken in 2017. There were 7 with building and 2 vacant lots. Nonetheless, the overall trend appears to be that tax deeded properties are decreasing. This is a relatively small number compared to past years. We hope that this is a trend that continues into the future. Recorded residential property sales in FY18 indicate a continued and significant increase in sales activity and sale prices. This has been welcome news and the City attributes this growth to efforts focused on reducing over supply and increasing demand through growth activities like ATV recreation.

The City continued construction of the Route 16 upgrade project which is an approximately \$7 million-dollar design and re-construction project to upgrade the deteriorated road and sidewalks with features that meet current standards to enhance both vehicular and

pedestrian safety. The project is was substantially completed in FY18. The project has been in the City's capital plans for many years and includes connections to a riverwalk along the Androscoggin where none currently exists. The City has obtained grant funding for the riverwalk and will begin construction in 2019. The new features of the project are designed to support the operations of the festivals and activities that occur in this area, such as the Riverfire event which attracts several thousand visitors each year. The City's funding strategy for paying the debt on this project includes the use of increasing revenues from the City's Pilot agreements.

The State of New Hampshire is continuing the development of its multi-use Jericho Mountain State Park. Included in this development is 300 acres around Jericho Lake that the City donated to the State. The park is a regional attraction. The park has a campground with 20 primitive campsites, including 5 cabins, 6 tent sites and 9 RV sites. The campground now has a new bath house available for visitors. The campground connects to the 75 miles of OHRV trails at the park and serves as the gateway to the 1,000 miles of trails in Coos County known as Ride the Wilds. The park also has a day-use area with a beach for swimming, pavilion, and boat launch. This development is having a very significant impact on the City's image and economic base. The City ordinance which allows OHRV traffic on all City streets continues to be successful. The OHRV friendly atmosphere has also led to the sale of residential properties in the City as second homes. The City is an active partner in the popular, annual extremely ATV/OHRV Festival. Each year, the event continues to break attendance records. The Chamber of Commerce and the NH Bureau of Trails entered into discussions with OHRV manufacturer Polaris about hosting Polaris'

premier event, "Camp RZR", at the park in September of 2016 and 2017. The event in the fall of 2017 was on the scale the annual Jericho ATV Festival by drawing in 6,000 or more attendees.

Further significant developments, which are occurring on Route 110, include a proposed 170 RV site campground, the marketing of a large old manufacturing plant site which has been cleared for re-use. Renovation of older buildings for commercial development and other land sale activity continue on Route 110.

With the marked upswing in property sale volume and prices, it is evident that the investments in housing stock, ATV tourism and more traditional employment are having a significant impact on the economy. The City needs to stay the course in its transformation. One of, if not the biggest threat, continues to be reduced state education aid and a variety of legislative proposals which will hurt the current economic status. Being vigilant in addressing these threats is another adaptive capacity the City has developed and this bodes well for our future.

Respectfully Submitted,

James A. Wheeler City Manager

Assessing

The Board of Assessors is comprised of three members, each serving a term of three years. Members are appointed by the Mayor with approval from City Council. Robert Goddard was reappointed as Chair of the Board in March of 2018. Meetings are held on an as-needed basis. Notification of these gatherings are posted in various locations throughout the City and the public is encouraged to attend the sessions.

Some of the Board's duties include maintaining property records, ensuring that all parcels are being accurately reported and properly assessed, issuing warrants for the collection of property taxes, and tax abatements for any adjustments to assessments that the group determines to be necessary. The Board also reviews applications for current use, timber and gravel yield taxes, elderly exemptions, blind exemptions, and veteran tax credits. The group makes every attempt to stay informed of changes to the RSA laws that govern this office. The Board of Assessors will continue to maintain their open-door policy for taxpayers with questions or problems regarding assessments and assessment procedures.

KRT Appraisal of Haverhill, Massachusetts has been contracted by the City of Berlin to perform assessing duties since 2015. A statistical update of residential property values was completed in the fall of 2018 as the real estate market in Berlin saw a significant improvement when compared to recent years.

One of the primary interests of the Board of Assessors is that properties in Berlin are proportionally assessed in regards to market value. Sales from October to the following September are reviewed on an annual basis and an equalization ratio is established from this study based on every qualified sale. This ratio compares assessed values and sale prices as a means to establish that all properties are proportionally assessed. The equalization ratio affects the basis for distribution of county taxes, scholastic aid, and other forms of financial assistance to towns and cities in New Hampshire and is finalized by the Department of Revenue Administration. The 2017 median ratio for Berlin was 96.2, indicating that the general level of assessment was 96.2% of market value.

CGIS Mapping of Marion, Massachusetts has updated the City's tax maps to reflect changes that occurred prior to April 1, 2018. This is the tenth year CGIS has served the City in this capacity. These maps are used by City staff and the public as it is available on the City's website.

The Board of Assessors is committed to quality service and excellence in government and will continue to adapt to the dynamic environment that is inherent to the nature of assessing.

Respectfully Submitted, Bryan Chevarie, Assessing Coordinator

City of Berlin's Board of Assessors Robert Goddard, Chair Kem Rozek, Member Mark Eastman, Member

Assessing

SUMMARY INVENTORY OF TAXABLE PROPERTY - APRIL 1, 2017 & APRIL 1, 2018

	APRIL 1, 2017	APRIL 1, 2018
Land	\$28,204,255	\$42,117,715
Building	226,823,023	236,765,750
Public Utilities	147,960,900	134,016,400
GROSS VALUATION	402,988,178	412,899,865
Blind Exemptions	104,300	105,000
Elderly Exemptions	2,000,200	1,772,100
Imp. To Assist Persons w/Disabilities	40,990	40,990
Water/Air Poll. Cont. Exemption	650,000	650,000
TOTAL EXEMPTIONS	2,795,490	2,568,090
NET VALUATION W/UTILITIES	400,192,688	410,331,775

EXEMPTIONS GRANTED

	AS OF	APRIL 1, 2017	AS OF APRIL 1, 2018	
TYPE	#	Tax Amount	#	Tax Amount
Elderly	66	\$78,388	56	\$69,590
Blind	7	4,088	7	4,123
Physically Handicapped	3	1,606	3	1,610
Water/Air Pollution Control	1	25,474	1	25,525
Veterans	452	82,025	428	80,075

TIMBER & GRAVEL ACTIVITIES

TYPE	4-1-2016 to 3-31-2017		4-1-2017 to 3-31-2018	
Yield Tax	5	\$4,777	1 \$3,	
Excavation Tax	3	233	3 1,0	
Property Transfers Processed		320	410	

2018 Tax Rates (per thousand):

Municipal \$17.37 Local Education \$15.52 County \$4.34 State Education \$2.04 Total Tax Rate: \$39.27

^{*}Utility valuations are not taxed locally for the state education portion of the tax rate.

CITY CLERK

Elections

The City Clerk is responsible for the general conduct of elections. The following election statistics were recorded this year:

Municipal Election:

November 7, 2017 – 33% Total City Votes

The following Ordinances and Resolutions which govern City Policy were passed:

Ordinances

2017

<u>2017-06</u> Chapter 2 Admin Art V Finance - Irene Ouellet Markovich Scholarship Fund

2017-07 Zoning Amendments for Photovoltaic Systems

2018

<u>2018-01</u> Ch. 9 Licensing, Article 5, Peddlers, Solicitors, Itinerant Vendors

Resolutions

2017

2017-11 \$75,000 NH Charitable Grant (Tillotson Funds) for Skate Park

2017-12 \$208,984 School Department Unexpended FY17 to CIP FY2018

<u>2017-13</u> \$1,243.033.17 Capital Appropriations FY17 to FY2018

<u>2017-14</u> \$147,258.64 FY17 Grant Monies to FY2018 <u>2017-15</u> Accept \$203,779.42 Additional NHDOT Highway Block Grant

2017-16R-1 Support Study to Develop Independent SAU

2017-17 Dedication of a Portion of Route 110 as Anthony B Urban Memorial Highway

<u>2017-18</u> BPD \$20,000 Grant – Opioid Abuse Reduction Initiative

2017-19 CDFA \$12,000 Sub Grant to AHEAD for 121 Main Street

2017-20 \$35,000 from Louise Tillotson to hire a Consultant to Study Independent SAU

2017-21 \$94,155.00 from Nellie Mae Education Foundation for City's Education System

2017-22 \$8,750 Robotics Education Development Program

2017-23 PD \$120,000 Byrne JAG Grant

2017-24 School NH Public Infrastructure Fund for Life Safety Repairs

2018

 $\underline{2018\text{-}01}$ Appropriated \$28,000 to Public Works for $^{3}\!\!/\!\!4$ ton Pickup Truck

2018-02 Firefighter Grant Program for New Ladder Truck 10% Funded by City 2018-03 Berlin Airport Authority FAA Grant \$633,333

2018-04 BFD Grant for Gear \$270,711 2018-05 R-1 Repair the 1999 Freightliner Truck

2018-06 Authorized Expense for WWTF for New Service Truck

2018-07 Accept \$24,903 Grant for Student Support and Academic Enrichment to the Berlin School District for 2-Year Period Ending December 2019

2018-08 Accept Donation from White Mountain Rotary Club for Dead River Park

2018-09 Appropriate \$150,000 to Hillside Avenue Bridge Replacement Project

2018-10 Police Commission \$6,800 Grant from US DOJ Bulletproof Vest Partnership

2018-11R-1 Highway Safety Grants for FY2019

2018-12 \$3,387 in Grant Funds for Homeland Security Training

<u>2018-13</u> Rescind the City Council Resolution adopting Personnel Policy of September 18, 1995 2018-14 Relinquish City Interest in Portion of Union

Street

2018-15R-1 Amend 2018 Budget by Revising Fund 10
School Department Federal Programs and Appropriate

School Department Federal Programs and Appropriate \$88,217.56 of additional Grant to the School Department

2018-16 Appropriate \$35,000 from UFB to FD Capital Improvements for FD/EMS Integration Study 2018-17R-1 Adopt Budget in amount of \$40,496,625 for City Government for FY 2019

The following Licenses were issued by the City Clerk's Department from 7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018

Dog Licenses: 1194

Vital Records

The following vital statistics were recorded:

YEARS	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
Marriage	40	21	59
Birth	64	61	64
Death	152	140	157

Respectfully submitted, Shelli Fortin Berlin City Clerk

Planning & Community Development Department

It has been great to see so many of our major arterial roads being rehabilitated. A two mile section of Route 16 joins the 1.6 miles of Route 110 as well as notoriously rough section of Hutchins Street have all been completed. Planning is also well underway for the Riverwalk project design. It has been good to see so much infrastructure improvements and investments in our community this past year!

The Berlin Industrial Development and Park Authority (BIDPA) is still working with North Country Growers to help them acquire property north of the current Industrial Park for the development and construction of industrial scale greenhouses to grow lettuce and tomatoes year round. The board is following other projects and ideas and continue to keep busy with community and economic development efforts throughout the City.

The Planning Board is keeping busy with looking at its documents and regulations and working to update them to reflect what is going on in the community. Several projects around the City are in active development and there continues to be increased interest in the area around Jericho Mountain State Park. Work is nearly complete on both the Northern Lights Housing property and Brookside Park property. Both housing developments are getting energy efficient upgrades.

Any citizen wishing to participate can come forward to volunteer for one of the many boards in the community. The Planning Department is home to the Planning Board, Zoning Board of Adjustment, and the Berlin Industrial Development and Park Authority. All three boards encourage citizen involvement and welcome the community to participate or observe during their meetings. Visit the City's website and Facebook page

regularly for information about our meetings, the City's Master Plan, Zoning Ordinance or other Planning & Zoning documents.

Respectfully submitted,
Pamela E Laflamme
Community Development Director

http://www.berlinnh.gov/planning-department

http://www.facebook.com/BerlinNewHamps hire

Zoning/Code Enforcement Officer: Michel Salek

Planning Board Chair: Thomas McCue

Zoning Board of Adjustment

Chair: Dana Hoyt

Berlin Industrial Development and Park

Authority Chair: Michael Caron

Health & Welfare Department

The City of Berlin is unusual in that it has a good number of charitable and non-profit organizations within a short distance that serves its population. Over the last eighteen relationship the with organizations has been strengthened through open discussion about community needs, best use of resources, client needs, education, case management importantly and most acknowledging that we are all here working for the common good of the entire community. The General Assistance Office works with other agencies to meet the needs of those in need while taking the concerns of tax payers seriously.

RSA 165 requires that each City and Town have a General Assistance Office. The goal of the law is to ensure that all individuals have their basic needs met. Should someone feel they are unable to meet their basic needs, they can contact the City for an appointment to apply for assistance. In order to ensure that all individuals are treated in a fair and unbiased manner each Town and City is required to have written guidelines. These guidelines include what things each City and Town will assist with, their standards of assistance, what they expect in return and why. The law also requires each Town and City allow individuals to apply regardless of whether or not it is felt they will qualify and that the applicant be provided with a written Notice of Decision. Only once a Notice of Decision is issued can the city require the person to apply with other agencies.

Basic needs include items such as shelter, electricity, heat, clothing, food, medication. Berlin does not count such things such as cable, internet, credit cards, and cell phones. If your Basic needs are more than your income and assets combined, the city will assist with only the difference between the

two things. If the income and assets is more than the basic needs you will not qualify for assistance. It is a very simple and straight forward formula. Assistance is issued in the form of vouchers. The vouchers are issued paid out directly to the vendor so no monies pass through any client's hands.

The law allows for the City to recoup some of the tax payers' money by having a work program. The client's assistance is divided by the going rate for the job performed and they are assigned either to a City office or a Social Service Organization to perform what work is needed. Not only are they working to give back to the community which is helping them but they are practicing working skills, earning a possible recommendation from the job site if they need one for a possible job lead and in some cases they are getting leads on jobs because the job sites get familiar with their personalities and skills and will let them know of positions they find out about.

The City and agencies work together to make each dollar count by using a network of case management and fiscal responsibility of the client. Clients are required to contribute if they have incomes. They are required to do budgets and provide receipts showing they are paying basic needs first. They are also required to show that they have applied and followed through with any and all programs that are there to help long term such as HUD and Food Stamps. If they refuse to follow through with the requirements they will be sanctioned per the law for 7- days the first time and 14-days the second time (if within 6 months of the first time) or until they come into compliance. This is always explained in detail because it is a hard lesson to learn when you are in need and have not taken care of the sanction from the last time you received help, received it and did not follow through. Even at that juncture the Welfare Officer will sit with a client and brain storm solutions. No one leaves without a plan of action unless they choose to do so.

Of the 286 Families interviewed 74 were approved for assistance. \$26,195.08 was issued in General Assistance.

BASIC NEED	AMOUNT ISSUED
Cremation	\$ 8,455.42
Electricity	\$ 2,250.64
Shelter	\$ 1,100.00
Rent	\$13,268.97
Groceries/Personal &	\$ 1,100.00
Household Needs	
Total	\$26,195.08

The City also works diligently to ensure that health and safety are a priority. The Health Officer works closely with the Fire Department and Code Enforcement to investigate complaints and follow through with the multiple steps required by law to hold tenants and property owners responsible for their actions. The laws are there for the safety of all in the community and each person is treated in a fair and equal manner.

The Health Officer is also responsible for the follow up on all tax deeded properties. After the city takes possession, there are many responsibilities that are needed to be kept track of including items such as upkeep, auctions, etc. The City's Health Officer takes care of those details. Berlin is also a selfinspecting City for food licensing and complaints. The local health officer inspects all restaurants, grocery stores, convenience stores, hospitals, nursing homes, bakeries, food trucks, etc. and any place that will be selling food. All complaints are investigated and food borne illnesses investigated locally. This requires that the Health Officer inspect businesses once a year for the license inspections and periodically throughout the year to track cleanliness and whether or not laws are being followed. Then of course there are required follow ups for any and all complaints.

Over all the 2017-2018 Fiscal year was busy and successful and the department looks forward to working with the community in the next fiscal year.

Respectfully submitted,

Angela Martin Giroux Health & Welfare Director

School Department

Demographics

Berlin Public Schools opened the 2017-2018 school year with an enrollment of 1158, grades K-12. Kindergarten is a full day program.

Grade levels K-2 are at Brown School, Grades 3-5 at Hillside School, Grades 6-8 at Berlin Middle School, and Grades 9-12 at Berlin High School. Special Education Pupil Services and Office of Student Wellness are at the Marston School building. The district's central office is in the Hillside School building. The district's bus fleet of 10 plus 2 minivans is at a leased garage on Hutchins St. Total miles travelled during 2016-17: 115,465 miles.

The After-School Program, in partnership with the Family Resource Center, saw growth in participation for students in grades K-8. Academic and enrichment support was provided daily in after-school programming, community involvement, and evening meals Monday-Thursday. The program staff collaborated with classroom teachers to ensure students increased academic achievement in the regular classroom. The number of K-8 students enrolled was 118 during the school year and 80 enrolled summer program, 2018. The district employed 245 employees. The district has 56% low socio-economically deprived; 24% of the students are identified as students with disabilities. The state average is 14%.

Instruction & Assessment

In the spring of 2017, all N.H. schools administered a statewide assessment called NH Statewide Assessment System (SAS).

Number of Students Tested and Percent of Students at Level 3 proficiency or above:

English Language Arts/Literacy				
Grade	#of Students	% at Level 3		
	Tested	or Above		
Grade 3	67	39.4%		
Grade 4	91	32.5%		
Grade 5	68	45.4%		
Grade 6	83	36.1%		
Grade 7	99	49.0%		
Grade 8	104	40.0%		

	3.6.4	
	Mathematics	
Grade	#of Students	% at Level 3
	Tested	or Above
Grade 3	67	32.4%
Grade 4	91	59.2%
Grade 5	68	41.5%
Grade 6	83	33.4%
Grade 7	99	50.0%
Grade 8	104	34.0%

Berlin Middle School students increased reading proficiency using a web-based reading program. Reading Plus was a whole-school reading support program sponsored by Local Granite United Way. Student progress was noted from 45% to 57% reading at or above grade level.

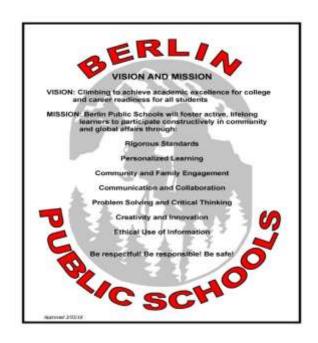
The state adopted the use of SAT College Board tests for all grade 11 students as the State Assessment System. It is anticipated that SATs will raise awareness of the importance for all students to be focused on college and career readiness. The mean score for reading and writing was 476, state mean score was 521. The mean score for math was 466, state mean score was 512.

Professional development was provided for all staff focusing on district and school goals. Trainings and professional development activities included an emergency management framework known as A.L.I.C.E. (Alert, Lockdown, Inform, Counter, and Evacuate)

and a police notification system called CopSync. All teachers used half-day in-service days to develop student competencies for math and English language arts. School-based roll out activities were initiated for culture and known as climate framework Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS). and evidenced-based process to increase consistent expectations of student behavior. The staff received trainings in Youth Mental Health First Aid, CPR/AED. Building level professional development was conducted for integrated use of technology for instructional practices, strategies for math and reading instruction. Teachers participated in trainings in Competency-Based Learning, Powerschool a new student management system, science coding. **STEM** (Science Technology, Engineering, Math) in partnership with White Mt. Science Institute, CPI (nonviolent crisis intervention), and Mindful Practices.

New courses offered at Berlin High School were Advanced Algebra and Trigonometry, Publications, and Digital Media Literacy. An academic partnership with White Mt. Community College was established for dual enrollment, running start classes, and early college.

The Berlin Regional Career & Technical Education Center (CTE) offered the following Accounting. Automotive programs: Technology, Building Trades, Drafting/CAD, Early Childhood Education, Family and Consumer Sciences, Graphic Arts, Health Science Technology (HST), Pre-engineering and Welding. Industry certifications were earned by students in Automotive Technology, Health Science Technology, and Welding. All district goals and objectives are driven by a vision and mission developed by stakeholders. The district was in implementation phase of the reauthorized federal law Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) which replaces the tenets of No Child Left Behind.



The Office of Student Wellness implemented two additional grant funded projects: Systems of Care and Restorative Justice. Systems of Care is a wraparound model creating a team of community members to support youth and families. Team members include school staff, school counselors, church members, case managers, therapists, neighbors, babysitters and friends. Some benefits include crisis and safety plans for families to use at home, connecting youth with mentors, services, activities, jobs, and positive support systems. This program is led by a school social worker, Alana Scannell. Restorative Justice is a process for youth offenders (ages 12-17) to be held accountable, develop empathy for victims, and to make amends. Restorative programming is characterized by three key values: 1) Encounter, to create opportunities for victims, offenders, and community members who meet to discuss the crime and its aftermath; 2) Amends to expect offenders to take steps to repair the harm or damaged caused; and 3) Inclusion to provide opportunities for parties at stake to participate in its resolution. The program coordinator is Officer Adam Marsh, Berlin Police Department.

Staff Accomplishments

District-wide committees met to address: Leadership, Professional Development, Wellness, Technology Integration, School Climate and Culture, Behavioral and Mental Health Supports, Emergency Management, and Project A.W.A.R.E. (Advancing Wellness and Resilience Education).

The School Resource Officer (SRO), funded primarily through Project AWARE, responded to more than 1,134 calls for service within the schools, including home visits, school visits, counseled students, classroom presentations, field trips, incident reports, school meetings, and school patrols.

Targeted interventions for students needing extra behavioral supports in order to be successful in the natural school setting were driven largely by the Behavioral Health Intervention Teams in each school. These teams identified students for both specialized social emotional learning groups and provided individualized supports for students identified at being high risk. Students actively engaged in community based mental health treatment increased by more than 50% since the beginning of the grant project in 2015.

Brown School 2nd grade Teacher, Susan Griffin was awarded the Louise Tillotson Teaching Fellowship award, selected by the N.H. Charitable Foundation. Berlin High School Health Teacher Patricia Hood was awarded the Sylvia Evans Award.

Facilities Report

The Hillside/Berlin Middle School cafeteria flooring was replaced with asbestos abatement. Berlin Middle School boys and girls locker rooms were completely renovated, the Pine St. courtyard was paved, and the intercom system at Berlin High School was upgraded. Each building was visited by a representative from Homeland Security Emergency Management to conduct a physical building assessment for

safety and security recommendations. The district was successfully awarded 2 NH Public Infrastructure Fund grants, 1) Increase surveillance with securing the front and rear entrances of Berlin High School, creating a locked vestibule to limit building access and 2) Increase security by upgrading the entire district surveillance/camera system to digital with a higher resolution and adding cameras to 20 additional locations.

Parent/Community/Board Involvement

Parent and community engagement events were held at all schools with opportunities to meet teachers and learn about expectations for the students.

Events held at Brown School and Hillside School included: Parent/Teacher Organization meetings, Book Fairs, and open houses. Brown School held a Title I Family Literacy Night themed "TechSploration" with 75 families participating. Hillside School held a Title I Family Literacy Night themed, "Superheroes", an estimated 40 families participated. Classes visited local sites: Tin Mt., Great Glen Trails, AMC trails, Moose Brook State Park, and Horne Field. Hillside student council members participated in the Berlin Main Street Day of Caring. A FIRST Robotics Club with 15 members from Hillside School participated in regional competition. Hillside students Isabelle Leite, Megan Knall, and Leo Zheng won the state essay contest on the NH Bicentennial of the State House. Coos County Family Health Services continued to provide a dental hygienist to promote healthy oral health. Lessons were provided in oral hygiene, weekly fluoride rinses, free cleanings and check-ups for qualifying students on school sites. Berlin Middle School 7th grade students participated in a financial literacy fair sponsored by Northeast Credit Union and Service Credit Middle School 8th grade students participated in a Health-O-Rama sponsored by Androscoggin Valley Hospital and North Country Health Consortium. Students

participated in North Country Youth Leadership and Kids in Prevention Youth Leadership (YLTA). Berlin Middle School grade 7 and 8 students were selected for GEAR UP (Gaining Early Awareness & Readiness for Undergraduate Programs) programming. GEAR UP is federally funded to promote postsecondary that encourage activities education. Berlin is one of 7 state cohort groups. Upon graduation from high school each student from the cohort group will be awarded a scholarship equal to Pell Grants if they attend a 2 or 4 year NH college. Parents of all incoming freshman at Berlin High School were invited to orientation, with 98% participation. Parents had opportunities to participate in information sessions on: college financial aid, college/understanding a financial aid award. overview of the college process, assistance with FAFSA, and Cyber Safety Presentation.

In athletics, Berlin was runner-up in NH unified basketball. Individually, Joey Fodor was the NH Division III and state champion in javelin. He set the state Division III record. Evan Arsenault joined the 1,000 point club for BHS Basketball and recognized as a WMUR-TV Hometown Hero. Noah Cornish was the state champion at the NH Skills USA welding competition and represented Berlin High School at the National championships. Berlin High School student Sarah Clark was a recipient of the Sylvia Evans Award for her volunteerism and contributions to women and families.

POST SECONDARY EDUCATION

Class of	2018	2017	2016	2015
4-year	25%	34%	35%	35%
college				
2-year	30%	38%	35%	28%
college				
Military	<1%	1%	2%	4%

The high school and middle Youth Leadership Through Adventure (YLTA) groups empower students to promote chem-free, pro-social, experiential education, service learning, and life style. Berlin High School students facilitated a schoolwide climate project focused on improving kindness.

Berlin Board of Education members are: Chairperson, Nicole Plourde, Vice-Chair, Lynn Moore, Secretary, Denise Valerino, Louise Valliere, and Scott Losier. The School Board held an annual joint meeting in October with Milan and Dummer school boards. The Berlin Board of Education also initiated conversations with SAU#20 on the exploration of regionalization and collaboration.

The city funded the FY18 operating school budget at \$18,190,437. The School Board members and district administrators carefully examined all its programs and operational expenses in the year-long process of developing the school department budget. With an annual 4% decrease in state aid, the district will need to adapt staffing and operations accordingly. Staffing reductions are being made through attrition when feasible. A fiveyear capital improvement plan was submitted to the city with continued growth in maintaining the City's school properties. The goal is to maintain N.H. Approved Schools, to maintain High School Accreditation, to pursue state and federal funding as supplements to the city's school budget appropriation, and to implement technology in all aspects of teaching and learning, with the end result of all students to be college and career ready.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dr. Corinne E. Cascadden Superintendent of Schools

Recreation Department



Recreation Department continued to offer a variety of activities throughout the year. A sampling of just a few of our programs shown above. Hopefully you enjoy viewing them with as much pleasure as the children and adults seem to be having! *(staff photos)*

There were two wonderful additions to Berlin Recreation's 37th Annual Easter "Eggstravaganza." First was the generous help from Hope for NH Recovery with the extensive decorating process. Their volunteer hours prepping the gym to create the Spring Easter look was much needed and greatly appreciated!



Children hunting for treats at Eggstravaganza

Secondly, Berlin Recreation applied for and was awarded a \$500.00 CLiF (Children's Literacy Foundation) Revive Your Literacy Grant. This grant enabled us to purchase 237 books from First Book Marketplace to distribute to all the attendees. Heartwarming comments included "My son has his first wiggly tooth and was able to receive a Pete the Cat book on a lost tooth," and "My niece fell asleep holding her book, The Dragon in the Sock Drawer."

Although it is always fun to talk up the successful sports and special events Berlin Recreation offers, on a slightly more serious note, Recreation staff participated in a couple of enlightening courses this fiscal year.

Youth Mental Health First Aid USA provided guidance in assisting youth who may be in the early stages of a crisis. Since we have frequent contact with the area youth,

the advice given will better prepare us to offer information on available services as well as listening with a non-judgmental ear.



Children choosing CLIF books

Another course Recreation staff participated in, along with members of law enforcement, was MOAB (Management of Aggressive Behavior) training. **Professionals** demonstrated ways to diffuse high intensity situations, talked of best practices to reduce harm to oneself, and we learned how to be creating welcoming proactive in a environment with the goal of avoiding finding ourselves in the middle of a difficult encounter.

Berlin Recreation strives to have a productive relationship with area residents, young and old alike. We believe we must remain receptive to acquiring new skills to better serve the diverse members of the community.

Respectfully Submitted,

Terry Letarte
Recreation Program Director

BERLIN PUBLIC LIBRARY

The Berlin Public Library maintains an organized collection of books and related materials for both educational and recreational use by the community. Internet access, WiFi, local newspapers on microfilm, local yearbooks, audio books, and a movie collection, are all available to the community. Fax, copier and scan to email services are also available.

The library catalog can be accessed through the City of Berlin website as well as at the library. Patrons, with a library card in good standing, have access to interlibrary materials from participating NH libraries.

Library patrons have access to downloadable books through the New Hampshire State Library and Overdrive. In addition, the library now offers Heritage Quest, a genealogy resource, accessible on site or remotely.

The library's Children's Dept. 2017 Summer Reading Program theme was "Build a Better World". The SRP Kick Off Party was held at the Recreation Dept. where children were entertained by local musician Dave Duchesne. The Summer Reading Program consisted of 12 programs, serving 121 families. A total of 458 books were read during the SRP. The 5 week program included visits with Ranger, Heidi, Berlin Fire Dept. tours, a planting program with Deb Sheehan. As in past years, during the 2017 SRP, Library Trustee, Ms. Yvonne Thomas helped Kathy Godin with the programs and Trustee Mr. Paul Tardiff, read stories to the children throughout the SPR. Adding to the success of the Summer Reading Program was a donation of tickets from Storyland for the children to enjoy. The library thanks Storyland for their continued generosity and support.

The Children's Librarian ran a total of 31 weekly Story Hours for young children from September to June, serving 208 children and 150 adults. In addition, there was a Halloween program with 364 children, a safe place for which 325 Safe Visits took place, as well as Afterschool Programs for 161 children. The total attendance of all Kathy's programs was 1400 children and 830 adults for a grand total of 2230 patrons.

The library checked out 28,811 items during FY2018. This statistic indicates that patrons at our library still use traditional resources, in addition to the NHDB through NH State Library Consortium which remains very popular with 1739 checkouts, an increase of almost 300 from last year. A total of 21,657 patrons walked through our doors.

Grants from the New Hampshire Humanities made it possible for the Berlin Public Library in conjunction with the White Mountains Community College, Fortier Library and the Gorham Public Library to hold a Fall 2017 series entitled, "The World War II We Never Knew." The series began with two book discussions presented by Suzanne H. Brown, We Band of Angels: the Untold Story of the American Women Trapped on Bantaan and Soldier from the War Returning: Troubled Homecoming not in News. These were followed by a film presentation by John Gfroerer called "World War II New Hampshire". The fourth program was Marina Kirsch presents "Flight of Remembrance: World War II from the Losing Side and the Dream that Led to Aerospace Engineering" based on her book, Flight of Remembrance: A World War II Memoir of Love and Survival.

WMCC, Berlin Public Library and Gorham Public Library also presented three other programs, You Had a Job for Life presented

by the author, Jamie Sayen, "The History of the Nansen Ski Jump" presented by Walter Nadeau and Ty Gagne presented his book, Where You'll Find Me: Risks, Decisions and the Last Climb of Kate Matrosova, based on a true story.

In September 2017, the library's failing fire alarm box was replaced by Vaillancourt Electric. Eversource upgraded the light fixtures with more energy efficient lights. During the year, Public Works helped us with minor repairs such as replacing a metal floor strip at the base of entrance door, filling in the front stairs with cement and painting yellow strip on bottom step for safety, replacing of front door arm, and fixing a radiator drip.

In looking over our Yearbook collection of Berlin High School and Notre Dame Yearbooks, we found that we had many missing. Generously, Berlin High School gave us two recent books that were missing. In speaking with Odette Leclerc, we found that the Moffett House had extras in their collection and they donated the remaining missing yearbooks, except for one recent yearbook. We are very grateful for this donation!

Sadly, on March 13, 2018, Paul "Poof' Tardiff, a Library Trustee since January 2010, passed away. Poof was a great lover of the community and library and is greatly missed by many people whose lives he touched. We miss you Poof! Poof's family chose to make an In Memory Of Poof donation to the Library's Children's Dept. earmarked for Summer Reading Program. This will benefit the children for years to come. Poof loved the children of the library and over the years, was a great voice in reading books to them during the SRP. Ms. Denise Bergeron was chosen to finish the term of Poof's Library Trustee position.

The Staff at the Berlin Public Library appreciate and thank the community for their continued support. We invite all to come in and make use of the valuable resources available at your library.

Respectfully Submitted, Denise Jensen Library Director



https://nh.overdrive.com/

	PUBLIC LIBRA		
JULY 1, 2017 T	HROUGH JUNE	± 30, 2018	
TOPICS	ADULT	JUVENILE	TOTAL
000 - Generalities	31	52	83
100 - Philosophy	94	41	135
200 - Religion	66	20	86
300 - Social Science	271	155	426
400 - Language	14	32	46
500 - Pure Science	59	598	657
600 - Technology	438	366	804
700 - The Arts	173	656	829
800 - Literature	240	115	355
900 - Geography & History	473	260	733
910 - Travel	6	8	14
BIO - Biography	285	91	376
FIC - Fiction	8,080	6,302	14,382
MAG - Periodical	300	39	339
DVD - Movies	5,921	0	5,921
VHS - Movies	66	0	66
AC - Audio Books	3,508	41	3,549
CD - Compact Disk Music	10	0	10
TOTALS	20,035	8,776	28,811
PKB - Paperbacks	112	0	112
Walk in Patrons	11216	10441	21,657
Phone Inquiries	1434	169	1,603
Computer Users	2942	490	3,432
Copier Patrons	3400	0	3,400
Fax Patrons	359	1	360
Microfilm Patrons	83	0	83
Interlibrary Loaned	759	0	759
Interlibrary Borrowed	219	0	219
NHDB Checkouts	1739	0	1739



Berlin Fire Department

Mission Statement – The Berlin Fire Department prepares for, and responds to a wide variety of emergencies and calls for service. Protecting life and property through a combination of progressive and responsible approaches with a professionally trained, dedicated, and compassionate workforce to work diligently in fire prevention planning and education, and hazard prevention and mitigation for the citizens of Berlin.



Berlin Fire Department personnel are dedicated and highly skilled in providing professional services in the areas of fire suppression, rescue, hazardous materials, EMS, and weather related incidents. Members train and plan with an emphasis in fire prevention, life safety, code enforcement and public safety education

The members of the Fire Department provide their services to the citizens of our City with professionalism, dedication and integrity. Through hard work and training, and in conjunction with the support of our residents, businesses and City Administration, both appointed and elected, we continue to provide valuable services on a daily basis. The Fire Department responded to 1,061 calls for service during Fiscal Year 2018.

•	Fires (all categories) -	52
•	Rescue/EMS -	159
•	Hazardous Condition -	240
•	Service Call -	423
•	Good Intent -	20
•	False Alarm -	123
•	Special Incident -	44

Fire Prevention Division

The Fire Prevention Division is tasked with code enforcement, fire inspection, regulating and inspecting construction of new buildings, and inspection of existing buildings, for compliance with the State of New Hampshire Fire and Life Safety Codes. The Fire Prevention Division continues to be the focal point of the Fire Department's efforts to minimize fire loss in the community. This is achieved by the programs that are offered to local businesses, schools, health care institutions, and the public in general.

The methods employed by the Fire Prevention Division in completing these tasks, focus on fire and life safety code education and inspections, plans review, and fire safety education sessions. A customer service based, and service oriented approach of our services, as well as our commitment to the overall safety of our residents and visitors, are driven by the Fire Department's mission to serve our community.

Fire Prevention Inspections

•	Place of Assembly -	34
•	Oil Burner -	24
•	LP Gas -	47
•	New Construction -	1
•	Wood Burner/Pellet -	1
•	Health Care -	5
•	Complaints Investigated -	26
•	Foster Care -	8
•	Day Care -	4
•	Fire Alarm/Sprinkler -	7
•	Miscellaneous -	94
•	Public Education -	22
•	Multi-Family -	17
•	Plan Reviews -	2
•	Certificate of Occupancy -	19
•	Blasting Permits -	1
	TOTAL:	312

We have also participated in in the following Public Relations events: Touch a Truck, Parade of Lights, Berlin High School Homecoming, Fire Extinguisher and Safety Training to Local Businesses and Schools, Fire Safety Talks to the Community, and the Get Alarmed NH smoke and CO detector installation grant.





The Future

With the increase in interest in the City, fueled by ATV tourism, there has been an uptick in population, traffic, and development that has been bringing about a long awaited new prosperity to the valley. Additionally, with the promotion of Captain John C. Lacasse to the position of Fire Chief, there is a new "Can Do" attitude within the Fire Department. This attitude will help fuel the department's mission as we move forward to the future.

Respectfully submitted,

John C. Lacasse Fire Chief



Police Department

The mission of the Berlin Police Department is to protect the lives and property of the citizens of the community, consistent with the Constitution of the United States. We continue to serve the community in a way that reflects the morality, beliefs, and customs of the citizenry we serve.

Community: The Berlin Police Department (BPD) continues to be an integral part of the growing ATV and tourism industry in the North Country. Partnering the City's resources with those of the Androscoggin Valley Chamber of Commerce has led to numerous successful activities in the area. Collaboration of all entities involved has led to continued growth of ATV activity in the area. Local businesses report increased activity which bodes well for future economic growth in our community.

The BPD continues its outreach to the community. We provide education to numerous agencies including, but not limited to, domestic violence care providers, mental health workers, hospital staff, and local faith-based organizations; we also speak with many groups about what we do, how we do it, and our impact on the citizens we serve. We are proud of our ever-expanding relationship with the community and our ability to render serviceable information.

NH Special Olympics remains a source of joy for those officers involved in this worthy program. Watching athletes compete, striving to do their absolute best, is heartwarming, and we are privileged to be included in their medals ceremonies. Seeing the smiles and tears of athletes, coaches, and parents is unforgettable and the highlight of the year for many officers.

The opioid epidemic continues to have a strong grip on some within the community. The Center of Hope provides a safe haven and step on the road to recovery for many. When setbacks occur, counsellors who truly care are available to listen and gently counsel those who are fighting the ravages of addiction. We continue to lend our support to those who selflessly give of themselves to support those in need.

The BPD was contacted during the past year by the Town of Gorham to provide police service to their community. Police administration put together a plan and made several presentations to Gorham's elected officials and citizens. While much energy was exerted in this plan, Gorham officials ultimately decided to not collaborate on the plan to integrate the departments. increasing tax rates in both communities, this is one prong of what will ultimately lead to conversations regarding additional between integration of services the communities.

Department/Personnel: Fiscal year 2018 brought a number of changes to the BPD. Late in the year, the BPD received a grant which allowed us to place an officer on the NH Drug Task Force. Our commitment to working to stem the tide of illicit drugs to our area is illustrated by this lateral move. In November 2017, we received an additional grant to further our efforts to stem the influx of illicit drugs. Operation Granite Shield is a grant-funded initiative for New Hampshire communities to gather information and collaborate on impeding the illicit drug tide.

In December 2017, Eoin Stapleton was hired. Eoin came to us from the Whitefield Police Department as a fully-certified officer, and he is a welcomed addition to our team.

Officer Adam Marsh began the Restorative Justice Program in March of 2018. The program focuses on rehabilitation of offenders through reconciliation with victims and community. By victims being involved in the process and having a voice, offender accountability is enhanced.

In June of 2018, Myles Chouinard, a threeyear veteran of the Department, resigned to move to the mountains of the west. He is missed, and we wish him well in his future endeavors

The BPD remains committed to training officers above and beyond the yearly hours of training required by the State; comprehensive training remains vital and is essential to our remaining above reproach in our increasingly litigious society. One such area which has received much focus has been that of mental health. There will be more training forthcoming as well, particularly in the deescalation of incidents where mental health may be a contributing factor. Our goal is to give our officers the tools to be the best officers that they can be.

Commissioners Jerry Nault, Marc Tremblay, and Pierre Morin bring law enforcement, justice, and business acumen to our commission. With another year of experience behind them, the trio brings an increasingly focused view of the Department and its place in the community. Their expertise is welcomed, and we are grateful for their vision.

The BPD facility was in great need of a renovation. Through the work of the Berlin High School Building Trades students along with their instructor, Matt Lambert, the Department's limited space has been maximized, and finishing touches are being applied. Thanks to all who had a hand in this much needed project.

Call to Duty Memorial: The Call to Duty Memorial Golf Tournament continues to grow. The support received from the public and local businesses has been invaluable in our commitment to the perpetual care of our memorial to fallen officers. Additionally, scholarship/book award assistance to local students who wish to enter the field of criminal justice is enhanced. Each year we endeavor to give more financial assistance to those deserving students who wish to continue their education and become members of an increasingly important career.

Total Calls for Service	22,526
Accidents	211
Accidents Within an Intersection	56
Animal Complaints	245
Assaults	117
Assist to Berlin Ambulance	926
Assists from Gorham PD	62
Assists to Gorham PD	67
Assists to other Berlin Departments	351
Burglaries	28
Criminal Threatening	111
Dog Complaints	460
Domestic Violence Incidents	258
DWI Violations	42
Felonies	231
Juvenile Arrests	46
Juvenile Incidents	192
Milan Calls for Service	1,092
Misdemeanors	889
Motor Vehicle Stops	2,958
Motor Vehicle Violations	499
Motor Vehicle Warnings	2,039
Parking Tickets	416
Protective Custody Arrests	73
Restraining/Stalking Orders	99
Sexual Assaults	43
Thefts	269
Total Arrests	818
Vandalism/Criminal Mischief	156
Verbal Arguments	84

Respectfully submitted,

Peter Moreacy

Chief of Police

Public Works Department



The Public Works Department provides a number of services to the citizens of Berlin. They include: the maintenance of over 60 miles of streets and many more miles of sidewalks that need to be swept, patched and paved. We also provide snow removal, street striping, street marking, and the fabrication and installation of street and traffic signs. We construct retaining walls, install guard rails and guard fence. We maintain sewer and storm water collection systems. provide equipment maintenance for all of the Public Works, Fire, Recreation, and Police Departments as well as the Berlin Municipal Airport. We also provide and maintain 157 sand/ salt barrels for winter We periodically seal concrete use. sidewalks, retaining walls and bridge abutments. Members of the Department also provided utility information and project inspection for water and sewer capital improvement projects.

<u>Transportation - Street Markings</u> - Center lines, edge lines, railroad crossings and crosswalks were painted as they are every year, excluding three exempt railroad crossings. The cost of this work is

approximately \$14,000. The work includes approximately 220,000 linear feet of striping and 5 railroad crossings. PWD crew paints over 130 crosswalks and parking locations throughout the City, all the Stop Bars, and Yellow No Parking Zones as well as the Handicap Parking areas.

<u>Projects in progress/completed during</u> <u>the 2017-2018 Season</u>

The Rt. 16 Roadway Reconstruction project was substantially completed this summer. The project will achieve final completion in the fall of 2018.



*Photo: Joe Klementovich

The Hillside Avenue Bridge over the Dead River began construction in the summer of 2018. The project is scheduled for completion in the fall of 2018.

The Riverwalk Multi-Use Pathway project, administered through the NHDOT Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP), is currently in the design phase. This project is slated for construction in 2020.

Solid Waste - The East Milan Road Landfill closure was substantially completed in October of 1996. Closure of the landfill launched the 30 year post-closure monitoring program. Groundwater quality and methane gas production is being monitored in accordance with the program.

The Cates Hill Landfill Closure project was completed in August of 2006. Groundwater quality and methane gas production is being monitored in accordance with the program.

The Public Works Department does curbside pickup of household garbage and recycling. Household garbage is brought to the AVRRDD Mt. Carberry Landfill for disposal. The Public Works Department collected 3,617 tons of household garbage this fiscal year, which is up 2.75% from last fiscal year. This resulted in an increase in tipping fees of \$6,450. Recycling became mandatory in September of 2012, therefore continued due diligence with removing recyclables from the household waste stream is much appreciated!

The Public Works Department collects paper, glass, plastics, tin, aluminum and cardboard from businesses for recycling. The department increased efforts to reduce the household garbage tonnage to the landfill and worked with local media to inform and educate the public for the need to improve our recycling efforts. In addition we worked to reduce/eliminate curbside bulky and yard waste pick-up to

have residents use the AVRRDD transfer station for these items.

Sanitary Sewer & Storm Collection <u>Systems -</u> The Engineering Design for Phase 2 of the Inflow and Infiltration (I/I) Reduction Project. During wet weather events, significant volumes of I/I (storm water, groundwater, etc.) enter the City's sewer collection system, which results in combined sewer overflows (CSOs) at the Watson Street Pump Station. Excess flows discharge to the Androscoggin River. Means for reducing I/I include replacing sewer mains, re-routing illicit connections to the sewer system (sump pumps, perimeter and roof drains), and relining sewer mains. We plan to have another project ready for the 2019 construction season.

<u>Disaster Recovery and Relief -</u> Due to a severe storm event and subsequent flooding during the period of October 29 to November 1, 2017, a major disaster was declared by both Governor Sununu and President Trump, which included Berlin and all of Coos County.

We sustained a wide range of damage throughout the City from minor debris/tree removal to complete roadway washouts.



*Heritage Park



*Howland Street

Through the FEMA Public Assistance Program, the City was awarded funding towards disaster relief efforts. This amount was approximately \$534,500 and represented 75% reimbursement towards the City's costs.



*Howland Street Repaired

It should be noted that all City departments and citizens of Berlin did an exceptional job getting the community back on its feet. This is a testament to the community spirit that can only be found in Berlin!

Recreation and Parks Maintenance



Our major fields (Memorial, High School and Community College) have been well maintained with the help of Diamond Turf to guide us to keep up the good field condition. In working with Diamond Turf we continue to gain the valuable knowledge that will help us avoid the reoccurrence of the past issues of bug infestation. The fields are currently in tremendous shape even with the increased demands with the addition of youth and high school aged football and high school women's soccer for the past four seasons.

Projects in progress/completed the 2017-2018 Season.

The Rec. & Parks Maintenance crew replaced portions of the post and chain fencing along the New City Cemetery. This project will be completed in the summer 2019.



*New City Cemetery

The Disaster Recovery & Relief efforts included many of the City parks/fields as well. The Parks & Rec Dept. spent many hours repairing the fields to pre-disaster conditions. These efforts included removing debris, fixing damage to infrastructure, and repairing the fields and playing surfaces.



*Community Field Flood



*Rotary Park

The Parks & Rec Department annually helps the Chamber of Commerce with many local events, including RiverFire and ATV Festivals.



The Skate Park project is currently in the final design stage, and it is anticipated that construction will begin in the fall of 2018.

Following is a summary of the tasks and services provided by the crew listed by the different seasons.

Winter: (Dec., Jan, & Feb.)

-Continue with downtown x-mass decorations, repairs, replacements, etc.

– All snow, ice, and rain events are attended to as they occur. This involves plowing, shoveling, sanding and salting parking lots, walkways, stairs and entrances. The places we maintain are; 1) Police station/Rec. center, 2 First Ave. parking lots. 2) City Hall 3) Court House 4) Heritage Park 2 lots. 5) Bickford Place. 6) Memorial and Community Fields storage. 7) 5 skating rinks as weather permits.

Skating rinks are located at Green St., River St., Ramsey Park, Horne Field, and Hutchins Park. Everyday custodial duties are performed at the Rec. Center, and the building is maintained for all winter programs. Equipment maintenance, usually performed during springtime, is started in the garage when the weather is not favorable for skating rink maintenance activities.

Spring: (March, April, & May)

-All equipment is inspected and repaired, painted, or replaced. As snow melts the crew gets outside and starts to "spring clean" (litter pick up, leaves swept, and sod repairs) all areas that we take care of. High School baseball and softball games, Boys and Girls Tennis are first on the schedule. They play and practice on the two Little League Fields at Community and at Memorial and at the Glen Ave. and Horne Field tennis courts. IV and Varsity play about 20 home ball games not counting We started a new field playoffs. maintenance program with Northeast Agricultural to restore all our fields to excellent condition. The main fields involved in this program are: the new Community College field where the High school will have all their Field Hockey and Soccer practices and games, The High school track field, and Memorial baseball field. This summer will show significant improvement. - Grass mowing starts and the cemetery crew from Northern Human Services starts in May. We equip them and service them, but they do a great job. The Community Gardens are tilled and staked out.

Summer: (June, July, & Aug.)

-High School athletic seasons wind down with playoffs at their fields and Ir. High games at Community and Horne Fields finish up their schedules. Grass mowing and trimming are everyday tasks. places we maintain are: Track field, Memorial and Memorial Annex, Green St., Veterans Park, all downtown (Vodoukis, PSNH, Gill, Library, St. Anne, Dead River, all Pleasant St., Green St., and Cole St. Tondreau,) parks, islands. Cleveland Bridge road and Botanical gardens, Central Playground, Community Fields, Hutchins park, the ball field at Horne field and playground, Rotary Park, Brown School playground. Ramsev Park playground. - Full schedule of girls' softball (Bobcats) games at Horne Field, Cal Ripken at Community, and their respective tournaments. - Summer Soccer league games at Community –summer playgrounds program and free lunches. Ongoing field maintenance at all fields that include, aerating, seeding, topdressing, fertilizing and weed-killing. – Cemetery work – Trash removal, tree pruning, fence repairs, and playground safety, etc., are attended to weekly.

Fall: (Sept., Oct., and Nov.)

-Very busy fall schedule of High School field hockey and soccer games and practices that start in August. Every day practices at Community Field and Community College field for IV and Varsity teams, with 10 home games for each team at the Track field. -7th and 8th grade soccer and field hockey games and practices at Horne field and Memorial Annex field -5th and 6th grade soccer and field hockey games and practices at Memorial and Community fields. New addition this fall was the addition of high school level football which had daily practices at Memorial Annex Field and for home games at Memorial Field.

– Rec. Dept. Soccer program at Green St. Field –repair worn areas of all fields and continue field maintenance program – put away all bleachers, nets, benches, picnic tables, summer equipment, etc. for winter. Crew does the downtown x-mass decorating and assists Main St. Program with their decorations also. We prepare areas for the five skating rinks.

Respectfully Submitted by,

Eric J. Grenier, PE Public Works Director

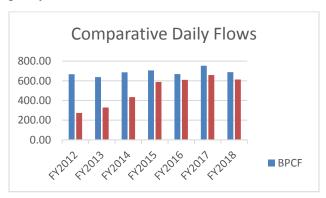


Pictured: Jon Goodreau, Jeffrey O'Neil, Ted Miller, Henry Noel (center) , who retired from the Superintendent position, Mitch Dumont, Don Hartman, Paul Remillard

Wastewater Treatment Plant

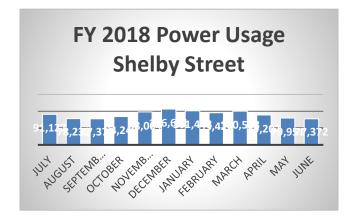
Last fiscal year, Berlin's Pollution Control Facility processed 717.4 million gallons of sewerage from the City. We also processed 29.0 million gallons of Leachate from the Mt Carberry Landfill. On top of which we accepted and treated almost 519,300 gallons of Septage waste from outlying communities not on their own sewer systems (i.e., septic tanks). Whereas the Influent Flow decreased by 5 % the Septage deliveries and Leachate flow both increased by 20 %.

A comparison we like to make is that the amount of water Berlin Water Works (BWW) supplies to the City each day should be approximately the amount of water Berlin Pollution Control Facility (BPCF) treats after traveling through the Sewer Collection System, over the course of a year. Last year (FY2018) BWW produced about 663.8 million gallons of water for use in the City: BPCF on the other hand had to treat 717.4 million gallons of City Sewerage, or 8% more than BWW produced. Last Year that figure was 14%. We attribute most of the discrepancy to Inflow and Infiltration into the Collection System; the reduction in percentage is due to the City correcting many leaks into the sewer pipes in the past year.



As part of our process, we produced 1,759 tons of dried municipal sludge that we trucked to the AVRRDD landfill for disposal. The treatment process removed 91% of the BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) and 97.9% of the TSS (Total Suspended Solids) which came in with the sanitary sewer flows.

Average monthly power usage at the Main Plant (Shelby Street) decreased to 89,964 kWh (97% of last year) and at our main pump station at Watson Street it decreased to 32,417 kWh (88% of last year). Average monthly energy usage at the Main Plant (Shelby Street) decreased to 170 KW (93% of last year) and at our main pump station at Watson Street, it increased to 104 KW (112%).



The energy usage (KW) follows the peak flows in the sewers; this is a measure of the success of the City's program to reduce Inflow and Infiltration into the Sewer System.



Some Capital Projects this year included a new smaller aeration blower that should save us some operating money, and a new service truck.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jon Goodreau, Wastewater Superintendent



Berlin Water Works



Water Commissioners for this report period were Michael Caron, Paul W. Poulin, Lucien F. Langlois, and Paul Ingersoll; Exofficio member was Mayor Paul R. Grenier.

The Berlin Water Works (BWW) has not increased water rates in twenty-one years. The NHDES 2015 Water Rate Survey was published and Berlin Water Works ranks17th highest in the State for an average of \$615.84/per year per four person household. BWW has been able to maintain water rates because of cross-training employees and elimination of work through planned improvements and implementation of BWW "force account" construction to offset operating cost by performing capital improvement projects BWW with resources. Energy improvements including the Solar System at the BWW office and the Hydro at the Ammonoosuc Treatment Facility have also helped keep energy costs manageable. BWW received a check dated June 22, 2018 in the amount of \$758.10 from Revolution Energy for carbon credits. BWW signed a contract with First Point Power for eighteen months with a savings of approximately \$6,150 contract to expire in October 2018.

We have generated extra power with the Hydro at the Ammonoosuc Treatment Plant and will be installing electric heaters at the treatment facility to save on propane cost.

An article was published in the NH Water Works Association Newsletter "Green Energy & the City of Berlin Water Works. It discussed our use of the 2010 State Revolving Loan Fund (SRL #09) for our green energy solar and hydro projects. The article was researched and written by Andrew J. Sharpe, PE, LLC, BWW's consulting engineer.

We have seven New Hampshire State Revolving Loans remaining and one Rural Development Loan. The availability of new low interest system improvement loans and grants has enabled the BWW to perform "Force account" construction work to improve our systems and balance the operation and debt budgets.

BWW sold the 1970 Green Mack Truck and the 2004 and 2001 Chevrolet pick-up trucks no longer passed inspection and were sold for parts. All sales income is applied to BWW debt. Two new Ford pickups were purchased to replace the Chevrolet pick-up trucks.

BWW continues to offer on line bill paying for customers. Customers can pay their bills by going to the City of Berlin Website berlinnh.gov. Invoice Cloud and Northern Data Systems are providing electronic bill presentment and online payment service. The system allows the office clerks to enter credit card payments for customers here at the office or over the phone. The system also allows customers to choose paperless billing. Approximately 250 or 7.34% of our customers are registered to use the online billing service and a total of 390 or 11.45%

are paperless. Also, the BWW has an autopay option for which 150 or 4% customers currently participate.

There are 3405 BWW accounts requiring metering and protective devices. BWW has installed 2178 backflow devices to-date at

	FISCAL 2017	FISCAL 2018
Total Flow	624,724,307	638,623,718
Difference from	Less than 1%	2.2% increase
previous year	decrease	
Gallons per Day	1.71 Million	1.75 Million
	Gallons	Gallons
Running Water	0	64
Customers		
Running Water Start	=	January 8,
- early		2018
Running Water Start	=	-
- regular		
Running Water	=	April 9, 2018
Finish		
Frozen Water Calls -	1	6
outside		
Frozen Water Calls -	0	29
inside		
Hydrant Flushing	8/23/16 to	8/1/17 to
	10/3/16	9/8/17
Number of main line	1	1
breaks		
Number of service	7	2
line breaks		

customer's homes. BWW has installed 1675 radio read units to-date. BWW is currently upgrading old brass meters by replacing them with poly Sensus iperl meters. FY 2018 BWW replaced 196 meters of the total replaced all were Sensus iperl meters.

BWW celebrated Drinking Water Week from May 6, 2018 to May 12, 2018 with open house at the Ammonoosuc Treatment Plant Monday through Friday. National Water Week tours included three elementary classes and a resident who visited the plant. Also earlier in the month the staff conducted a tour for the Environmental Program at the Berlin Community College. The tour lasted about 2 ½ hours with many questions from

the students on the process and on the Hydro.

During the mild winter of 2017/2018, we had 64 people running water to prevent service line freeze-up. Efforts continue to reduce the number of running water customers, of which there were 1003 of 3500 customers in the winter of 2000-2001.

The School Department requested BWW to help them with the Lead and Copper Sampling at the schools. Fifty seven sites were tested with the help of School Department staff and the samples were delivered to the State Lab by Granite State Shuttle Services. The School has also contacted BWW about a road they want to build around the High School and a new parking area. BWW said they would be willing to help with the project, if selected we will be working with the engineers on the project.

Our lead and copper water sampling program passed the last seven rounds of testing in June of 2006, December of 2006, September September 2007, 2008. September 2009, September 2012 and September 2015. The testing results from September 2015 showed all passed for copper and one failed for lead. The State of NH Department of Environmental Services dropped the number of test sites required from 60 sample sites to thirty sample sites. The overall average lead and copper sample levels have dropped to new low levels. Please note that the water leaving the Water Treatment Plant is free of lead and copper and that the resulting lead and copper are attributed old portions of the distribution system, customer pipe systems, and/or dead end lines. Water sampling will continue to monitor lead and copper levels. The next round of testing is scheduled for September 2018. Water Quality Report for calendar year 2017 was distributed to all water

customers as a bill stuffer in the May 2018 Billing. Paperless customers received an internet address to view the Water Quality Report.

BWW continues to update the office and garage buildings at the 55 Willow Street. We have had favorable comments by the customers on the buildings at 55 Willow Street. The hydrant water fountain in front of the office building was reinstalled after the winter months and the area cleaned and mulched. Ossipee Mountain Electronics will be reprogramming our 24 radios and we will share the travel cost with several other City Departments that will be using their We will then be in FCC service. compliance. The office staff replaced the copy machine that was ten years old; the copies were beginning to be distorted.

Improvements to the Distribution System facilities included BWW staff hiring Charlie Fritz of Electrical Instrumentation to calibrate the venturi meter at Brown Farm Well and the two venturi meters at the Ammonoosuc Treatment Plant for the Clarifiers, the calibrations are required under the BWW water conservation plan. The staff rented a concrete grinder to clean all the floors at the treatment facility and then they applied high epoxy paint. The venturi meters used to pace the chemicals at the treatment facility were removed and cleaned by staff with Blue Earth, removal of the venturi meters was aided with a flange splitter tool, purchased by staff. Fire hydrants were repainted this summer by summer employees; the last time they were painted was in 2007. All mowing by summer employees has been streamlined with the purchase of a zero turn mower and trailer and brush clearing has been improved with a wood chipper purchased by BWW. KRA construction was awarded the bid to cover all wooden trim with aluminum facing

at the Pump stations for ease of maintenance and aesthetics

Vachon Clukay & Company PC was accepted by the Board to perform the Water Works financial report for period ending June 30, 2018 thru (FY2020). Our FY 2019 budget of \$3,037,270 was presented by the Board on May 23, 2018 at the budget hearing providing \$2,201,665 for operations and \$835,604 for loan debt payments. The proposed budget was approved June 20, 2018. This budget represents the twenty-first consecutive year with no water rate increase for its customers.

IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS:

BWW 18-1 NHSRL #12 – Board of Water Commissioners signed a resolution to proceed with a NH State Revolving Loan in the amount of \$1,500,000 approved staff to proceed with an application for same on September 20, 2017. BWW was notified by NH Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) on November 30, 2017 that the Governor and Executive Council authorized the approval of a low interest loan agreement between NHDES and BWW in the amount of \$1,500,000 to finance water improvements for water line replacement throughout the City. December 11, 2017 Allyson Gourley of NHDES notified BWW that the Environmental Review requires BWW to public a public notice for the project funds. It was posted and we received a letter dated January 24, 2018 that we completed the requirement for Environmental Review. This funding will continue improvements started through previous State Revolving Loans. FY 18 included Street work Twelfth from Woodward St to 206 Howard Street a continuation of the project started last Fiscal Year.

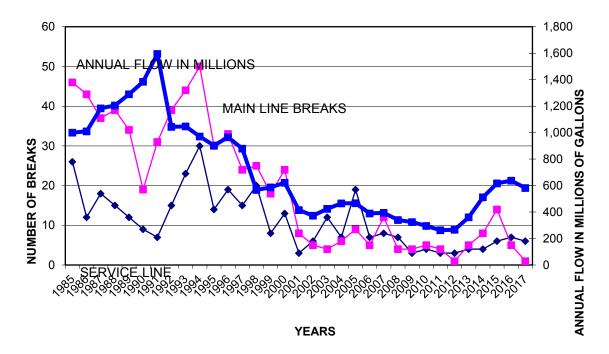
BWW 15-1 NHSRL #11 - In FY 2015 Berlin Water Works applied and was approved for a \$2,000,000 State Revolving Loan. Work has been completed on Main Street from Peavey Lane to Eighth Street, Berlin Water Works relocated services, hydrants and valves at intersections from the discontinued 1892 vintage 10" CI water main to the new 16" HDPE water main. This work was a prerequisite for the City of Berlin Road Rebuild and Paving Project from St. Anne's Church to the Community College. Approximately 2900 feet of old 10" cast iron main was eliminated on Main Street from Peavey Lane to Eighth Street. The six inch cast iron main on Birch Street was slip lined with a 4" hdpe water main. We also eliminated the old cross lot line near Cambridge from School Street to Main Street. FY 17 Work on Cedar Street between Prospect Street and Hillside Avenue has been completed; Hillside Avenue from Spruce Street to Portland Street has been completed. BWW ran a new 1" copper service line from the high pressure line on Grafton Street to 601 Lancaster Street, it was not completed as part of the Grafton Street Project, and the homeowner sent a thank you card to the BWW. FY 18 Work included paving Western Avenue from Mink Street to approximately 678 Western Avenue and Hillside Avenue from Winter Street to Portland Street where water main installation and services were completed. In October Chairperson Michael Caron signed an amendment to NHSRL #11 to extend the date for expending funds from December 1, 2017 to December 1, 2018. BWW has been continuing to eliminate Running Water customers and between water main projects we have completed running water service lowering and insulating from main to curb to prevent future freeze ups, the customers are then removed from the running water program. Final Pay Request for this project was submitted in June 2018.

BWW Brown Farm Well #2 the well was completed by Layne Christensen Company, the 10 day pump test was completed and the VFD is installed and the instrumentation is complete. The Water Conservation Plan was approved by the State, BWW received notification on March 13, 2018. The Water Works offered an alternate method for testing the venturi meter. Instead of removing the meter, which would be time consuming & expensive, BWW suggested to view the inside with a camera and the State is fine with this option and if it found to have built up sediment on the walls then it will be removed and cleaned. BWW was notified May 3, 2018 by Andrew Koff that NHDES approved the Large Groundwater Withdrawal Permit; the well connection was approved June 26, 2018 by Randall Suozzo of NHDES when he attended the BWW construction meeting.

The BWW installed 2097 feet of water main. Improvements to the water distribution in the City of Berlin continue with planned replacement of small diameter galvanized mains (250 feet remaining as of June 2018) and 1890 thru 1920's vintage unlined cast iron mains (25,220 feet remaining as of June 2018) with the highest frequency problems corrected first. As the streets for replacement of water mains are selected for design, improved fire protection flow capabilities are considered. The results of these increased efforts will be a much improved distribution system.

TO VOG GIBUTOGUOTI SYSTEM.				
	Total as of FY2018	FY 2017	FY 2018	
Curb-to- curb street paving (includes overlay)	12.46 miles	.26 miles	.22 miles	
Number of New Meters	3405 total in system	183	196	
Number of New hydrants	422 total in system	0	1	
Number of Replaced services	3405 total in system	38	30	
New water main installed — since 1990	29_90 Miles	_53 miles	.40 miles	

WATER LINE BREAK HISTORY CALENDAR YEAR



BWW continues to work with the Asset Management Grant, we have continued to record GIS location information for all new construction as well as completing the city a zone at a time. We sent out the Asset Management Brochure in the August 2017 Quarterly Billing, we had a few customers thank us for the information. BWW sent in a request for disbursement in the amount of \$20,000 on December 7, 2017 for approval and processing. \$42,402.50 was expended to meet the match requirement for the Asset Management Grant pay request. received payment on January 30, 2018 in the amount of \$20,000. BWW also applied for the 2018 Asset Management Grant on December 5, 2017.

BWW was notified by Andrew Madison of NHDES on June 15, 2018 that 2019 Local Source Water Protection Grant applications are available; BWW is considering applying for protection of the well sites on East Milan Road.

Thanks to all BWW employees, Water Works Commissioners, the Honorable Mayor Paul Grenier, the City of Berlin and the NHDES Drinking Water staff for their continued support. The BWW has completed and is continuing work on significant improvements that will improve our water system and reduce our operating cost for many years into the future.

Respectfully Submitted, Craig Carrigan, Water Works Superintendent

FINANCE/COLLECTIONS

The Tax Collection Department continues to offer property taxpayers the ability to have tax and sewer payments withdrawn from their checking or savings accounts. Payments are withdrawn on the bill due date. For taxpayers who prefer to budget their tax and sewer payments, the City will withdraw funds on the second Wednesday of every month. The Collection's Department also accepts online credit card payments which can be accessed on the City website.

Vachon, Clukay & Co., P. C., of Manchester, New Hampshire, conducted the annual fiscal year-end audit again this year.

During fiscal year 2018, the Finance Department issued 4,209 semi-annual real estate tax bills totaling \$15,230,698.50. The Department of Revenue (DRA) set the tax rate in November of 2017at a rate of \$39.19. The Department also issued 3,183 annual sewer bills which totaled \$1,746,381. The

number of motor vehicle registrations issued by the City increased this year by 72 registrations to 9,710 with the City collecting \$1,322,960.50.

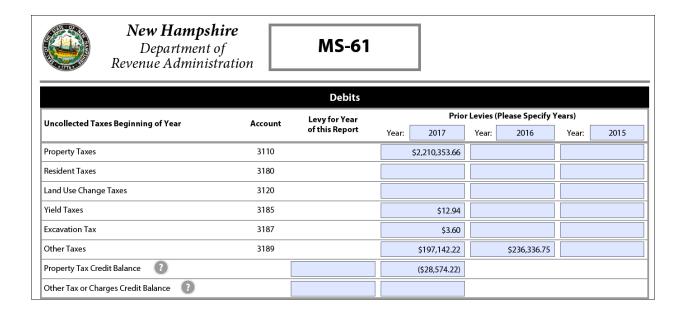
There was a total of 1,326 dump passes issued during fiscal year 2018.

The Finance Department also processes weekly payrolls and provides Human Resource Benefits for the City's 135 regular full and part time employees.

Assistant Comptroller: Jan Gagnon Senior Collections Clerk: Kris Davis Collections Clerk: Heidi Gray Payroll/Benefits: Sherry Young Accounts Payable Clerk: Natalie Croteau

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia A. Chase Finance Director/Tax Collector



Taxes Committed This Year	Lev Account	Levy for Year		Prior Levies
	Account	of this Report	2017	Prior Levies
Property Taxes	3110	\$7,641,552.50	\$7,696,704.50	
Resident Taxes	3180			
Land Use Change Taxes	3120			
Yield Taxes	3185	\$3,197.90	\$142.68	
Excavation Tax	3187	\$1,063.26		
Other Taxes	3189	\$75,412.46	\$1,980,020.69	
- SPECIAL WARRANTS	#3110	\$1,289.00	\$676.67	
Add Line				

Overpayment Refunds	Account	Levy for Year	r Prior Levies			
	Account	of this Report	2017	2016	2015	
Property Taxes	3110	\$1,588.00	\$8,414.12	\$3,904.00	\$3,794.00	
Resident Taxes	3180					
Land Use Change Taxes	3120					
Yield Taxes	3185					
Excavation Tax	3187					
- SEWER	#3189		\$33.00			
Add Line						
Interest and Penalties on Delinquent Taxes	3190		\$24,298.51	\$16,649.09		
Interest and Penalties on Resident Taxes	3190					
	Total Debits	\$7,724,103,12	\$12,089,228,37	\$256,889,84	\$3,794.00	

	Credits			
Remitted to Treasurer	Levy for Year of this Report	2017	Prior Levies 2016	2015
Property Taxes	\$5,457,623.27	\$9,322,476.86		
Resident Taxes				
Land Use Change Taxes				
Yield Taxes		\$155.62		
Interest (Include Lien Conversion)		\$24,298.51	\$16,649.09	
Penalties				
Excavation Tax	1063.26	\$3.60		
Other Taxes		\$1,777,691.50	\$154,832.61	
Conversion to Lien (Principal Only)		\$553,423.08	\$70,365.96	
- Special Warrant		\$676.67		
Add Line				
Discounts Allowed				

Abatements Made	Levy for Year of this Report	2017	Prior Levies 2016	2015
Property Taxes	\$2,816.00	\$9,964.12	\$3,904.00	\$3,794.00
Resident Taxes				
Land Use Change Taxes				
Yield Taxes				
Excavation Tax				
Other Taxes		\$33.00	\$11,138.18	
- Deferral		\$561.00		
Add Line				
Current Levy Deeded				
Uncollected Taxes - End of Year # 1080	Levy for Year of this Report	2017	Prior Levies 2016	2015
Property Taxes	\$2,261,547.36	\$473.00		
Resident Taxes				
Land Use Change Taxes				
Yield Taxes	\$3,197.90			
Excavation Tax				
Other Taxes	\$75,412.46	\$399,471.41		
Property Tax Credit Balance	(\$1,593.04)			
Other Tax or Charges Credit Balance	(\$75,964.09)			
Total Credits	\$7,724,103.12	\$12,089,228.37	\$256,889.84	\$3,794.00
	Summary of Dek	nits		
			· Levies (Please Specify Y	ears)
	Last Year's Levy	Year: 2016	Year: 2015	Year: 13 &14
Unredeemed Liens Balance - Beginning of Year		\$575,106.86	\$326,483.73	\$37,945.97
Liens Executed During Fiscal Year	\$680,394.98			
Interest & Costs Collected (After Lien Execution)	\$7,682.72	\$30,569.78	\$77,523.13	\$16,275.11
-				
Add Line				
Total Debits	\$688,077.70	\$605,676.64	\$404,006.86	\$54,221.08
	Summary of Cree	dits		
	Last Year's Levy		Prior Levies	
	Eust real seety	2016	2015	13 &14
Redemptions	\$133,661.27	\$179,451.56	\$294,826.92	\$16,777.87
Add Line				
Interest & Costs Collected (After Lien Execution) #3190	\$7,682.72	\$30,569.78	\$77,523.13	\$16,275.11
- Deferrals	\$7,682.72 \$1,033.74	\$30,569.78	\$77,523.13 \$1,067.39	\$16,275.11
				\$16,275.11
- Deferrals				\$16,275.11
- Deferrals Add Line Abatements of Unredeemed Liens Liens Deeded to Municipality	\$1,033.74			\$16,275.11
- Deferrals Add Line Abatements of Unredeemed Liens	\$1,033.74	\$968.99	\$1,067.39	\$16,275.11 \$21,168.10 \$54,221.08

Berlin Regional Airport

This past winter weather kept the airport staff busy with our snow removal equipment with countless hours of pushing tons of snow. The most tedious part of the back to back snow storms was to keep the runway's lights exposed. We did lots of searching and digging. Along with constant use of snow removal comes some minor repairs. Believe me Old Man Winter kept us in a non-stop state.

We have updated lighting in the fuel farm and ramp areas to brighter LED lighting. This was done for safety, security and cost saving reasons.

Staff member Eric Demers has used his expertise in getting the best industrial zero turn mower for the airport's needs. The mower now saves labor intense mowing of three plus acres. We are now able to mow around 92 ramp and runway lights saving many hours of weed trimming around each light.

The Welcome to Berlin sign was replaced with a more colorful updated sign on the ramp side.

We are now in the preliminary phase with HEB Engineering and New Hampshire Bureau of Aeronautics on the 2019 CIP Runway 18-36 Rehabilitation. This project will be repairing very large runway cracks, brush obstruction removal and new LED signage. We are also studying the use of an asphalt rejuvenation which will make the asphalt more pliable and reduce dry cracking. Final phase will be the much needed runway markings.

We have had lots of tourist air traffic this summer from all over the country and many comments on our beautiful area. Helicopter traffic has increased this year with their performing power lines and pipeline maintenance

Marcel Leveille Airport Manager



Nathan Jacobs's aerobatic Starduster biplane.



The Maine Forest Service helicopter with a water basket used for fighting forest fires



Raymond Godbout preforming a preflight inspection on his Ultra Lite Trick plane

Berlin Housing Authority

The Berlin Housing Authority serves the City of Berlin with 285 vouchers and 55 units of public housing. We also manage

the St Regis House a 42 unit multifamily.

Since 2017 we have been working with Chesapeake Community Advisors from Baltimore MD to purchase St Regis in order to keep our tenants in place and to be able to modernize the units. The last time St Regis units were upgraded was 1981. To capitalize on the Low Income Housing Tax Credits that were awarded to the project, Berlin Housing and Chesapeake applied for a Community Development Block grant. We were awarded the grant and have been able to add many extras to the project that would not have been possible otherwise. These extras will help make aging in place more comfortable and safe.

St Regis House was designated by the United States Department of the Interior as an official part of the St Anne Historic District. This tremendous honor allows us to join the District and meet the US Department of Interior's rehabilitation guidelines for our 1910 building.

Schaefer Company from Kentucky will be handling the construction and called over 300 local companies in an ever widening circle to assure Berlin Housing that as many local companies are involved in the project as possible.

The Housing Choice Voucher program serves Berlin residents and targets extremely low income families. All new voucher holders in 2018 were in the extremely low category which means the subsidy is being used in the place it is needed the most.

BHA Public Housing has been experiencing some challenges weather and staff related. We are reinventing ourselves and expect to come back even better. Our new Public Housing Coordinator is quick on the uptake and a pleasure to have on staff.

In summary, BHA continues to seek new challenges and ways to become more self-supporting. Our tenants are our first concern and we will continue to work to upgrade our housing and their living environment.

UTILIZATION OF ASSISTED HOUSING PROGRAMS AT JUNE 30, 2018 (in # of units)										
Units Allocated Units Under Lease										
Public Housing	55	54								
St. Regis House	42	36								
Vouchers	285	244								
TOTALS	382	334								
PH Utilization o	PH Utilization on 6/30 was 98%									
Voucher Utilization on 6/30 was 86%										

Public Housing and St Regis Turnover in 2018									
2018 2017 2016									
Public Houisng	12 units	9 units	10 units						
St. Regis House 14 units 7 units 15 units									

Mary Jo Landry, Executive Director Berlin Housing Authority

Berlin Housing Authority 30-Jun-18 Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

		Public Housing	Housing Choice Vouchers	Management of Other Programs	Total
100	Cash	\$166,468	\$63,430	\$251,895	\$481,793
125	Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous			\$2,376	\$2,376
142	Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$8,730	\$3,624		\$12,354
150	Total Current Assets	\$175,198	\$67,054	\$254,271	\$496,523
161	Land	\$121,078			\$121,078
162	Buildings	\$2,892,931			\$2,892,931
163	Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$194,262			\$194,262
164	Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$79,052	\$15,300		\$94,352
166	Accumulated Depreciation	-\$2,185,793	-\$15,300		-\$2,201,093
160	Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$1,101,530	\$0	\$0	\$1,101,530
200	Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$68,982	\$26,969	\$15,491	\$111,442
290	Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$1,345,710	\$94,023	\$269,762	\$1,709,495
312	Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$6,330	\$4,531	\$6,275	\$17,136
321	Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$2,617	\$2,039	\$546	\$5,202
333	Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$11,594			\$11,594
341	Tenant Security Deposits	\$2,290		\$13,169	\$15,459
342	Unearned Revenue			\$50,000	\$50,000
310	Total Current Liabilities	\$22,831	\$6,570	\$69,990	\$99,391
353	Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$254,480			\$254,480
357	Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$244,213	\$95,476	\$54,840	\$394,529
350	Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$498,693	\$95,476	\$54,840	\$649,009
300	Total Liabilities	\$521,524	\$102,046	\$124,830	\$748,400
400	Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$4,582	\$1,792	\$1,029	\$7,403
508	.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$847,050		\$0	\$847,050
511	.4 Restricted Net Position		\$13,986		\$13,986
512	.4 Unrestricted Net Position	-\$27,446	-\$23,801	\$143,903	\$92,656
513	Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$819,604	-\$9,815	\$143,903	\$953,692
600	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity - Net	\$1,345,710	\$94,023	\$269,762	\$1,709,495

Berlin Housing Authority Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary 06/30/2018

		1	Public Housing	Housing Choice Vouchers	Management of Other Programs	Total
70300	Net Tenant Rental Revenue		\$195,958			 \$195,958
70600	HUD PHA Operating Grants		\$176,401	\$1,232,689		\$1,409,090
71100	Investment Income - Unrestricted		\$16	\$5	\$26	\$47
71400	Fraud Recovery			\$4,655		\$4,655
71500	Other Revenue		\$1,890	\$8,036	\$71,250	\$81,176
70000	Total Revenue		\$374,265	\$1,245,385	\$71,276	 \$1,690,926
91100	Administrative Salaries		\$110,114	\$81,795	\$36,903	\$228,812
91200	Auditing Fees		\$3,976	\$2,840	\$142	\$6,958
91400	Advertising and Marketing		\$519			\$519
91500	Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative		\$27,772	\$63,773	\$9,107	\$100,652
91700	Legal Expense		\$1,087			\$1,087
91800	Travel		\$655	\$655		\$1,310
91900	Other		\$18,310	\$34,629	\$14,212	\$67,151
91000	Total Operating - Administrative		\$162,433	\$183,692	\$60,364	 \$406,489
93100			\$7,522			\$7,522
93200	Electricity		\$26,685			\$26,685
93400	Fuel		\$40,352			\$40,352
93600	Sewer		\$4,861			\$4,861
93000	Total Utilities		\$79,420	\$0	\$0	\$79,420
	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor		\$45,461			\$45,461
	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other		\$11,932			\$11,932
	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts		\$37,541			\$37,541
	Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	-	\$11,524			 \$11,524
94000	Total Maintenance		\$106,458	\$0	\$0	 \$106,458
00400	Insurance Premiums					
	Payments in Lieu of Taxes		\$11,870	\$7,040	\$0	\$18,910
			\$11,594			\$11,594
	Housing Assistance Payments			\$1,087,200		\$1,087,200
	HAP Portability-In			\$6,652		\$6,652
	Depreciation Expense		\$86,630			 \$86,630
96000	Total Other General Expenses	- \$	110,094	\$ 1,100,892	\$0	\$ 1,210,986
90000	Total Expenses	\$	458,405	\$ 1,284,584	\$ 60,364	\$ 1,803,353
10000	Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	\$	(84,140)	\$ (39,199)	\$ 10,912	\$ (112,427)
11030	Beginning Equity	-	\$903,744	\$29,384	\$132,991	 \$1,066,119
11040	Ending Equity	\$	819,604	\$ (9,815)	\$ 143,903	\$ 953,692

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Financial Statements

With Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2018

and

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2018

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Manager City of Berlin, New Hampshire

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of City OPEB contributions, schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of City pension contributions on pages i-xiii and 44-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Additionally, the combining nonmajor governmental and proprietary fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the combining nonmajor governmental and proprietary fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the combining nonmajor governmental and proprietary fund

financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vacuum Chikry & Company (Z Manchester, New Hampshire

January 23, 2019

City of Berlin, New Hampshire Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

This section of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's (the City) financial statements is prepared to comply with the requirements of GASB Statement 34 which requires management of the City to provide a discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance. It also provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. As in past years, this narrative should be read in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements, which begin on page 1.

Financial Highlights - Primary Government

New Standards Implemented:

• During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Berlin, New Hampshire adopted and implemented GASB Statement #75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year has been reported in the financial statements and is described in Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Highlights:

- Net Position: The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 by \$26.7 million, a decrease of (\$400) thousand from the prior year. This amount is presented as "Net Position" on the Statement of Net Position for the Total Primary Government (a condensed statement can be seen in the MD&A section of this report on page v). Total unrestricted net position increased from the prior year with an ending deficit balance of (\$21.7) million. Restricted net position of \$1.8 million was restricted for permanent funds principal and income, food service operations, police forfeitures, various unexpended grants and donations, and short-lived sewer asset replacement reserves. The net investment in capital assets decreased from the prior year with an ending balance of \$46.6 million.
- Changes in Net Position: The City's total net position decreased from last fiscal year's \$27.1 million to \$26.7 million in fiscal year 2018. Net position of governmental activities decreased by (\$1.4) million or 5%, and net position of the business-type activities increased by \$1.0 million or 4%. This is further discussed under the Government-Wide Statement Analysis section of this report.

Fund Highlights:

- Governmental Funds Fund Balances: As of the close of fiscal year 2018, the City's governmental funds reported a decrease of (\$3.7) million compared to last fiscal year, with a combined ending fund balance of \$3.1 million, compared to last fiscal year. Included in the combined governmental fund balance is the activity of the City's General Fund and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds. The General Fund ended the fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$1.7 million, which is a decrease of (\$200) thousand from the previous fiscal year.
- Proprietary Funds Net position: As of the close of fiscal year 2018, the City's proprietary funds reported an increase of \$1.0 million when compared to last fiscal year, with a combined ending net position of \$28.7 million. Included in the combined proprietary funds net position is the activity of the City's Sewer Fund and the Nonmajor Enterprise Funds.

The Sewer Fund ended the fiscal year with an unrestricted net position of \$6.4 million, which is an increase of \$900 thousand from the prior fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include the following three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements;
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements.

This report also contains certain required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the City's finances. These statements (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's overall financial position. They are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash has not been received or paid.

- The **Statement of Net Position**, found on page 1, presents all of the City's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities. The *difference* between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is reported as "Net Position". Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities, found on page 2, presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned, and unused sick leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City.

The government-wide financial statements have separate sections for three types of City activities. These three types of activities are:

• Governmental Activities: The activities in this section represent most of the City's basic services and are generally supported by taxes, grants and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, airport/aviation center, highways and streets, health and welfare, sanitation, culture and recreation, education, food service, economic development, and debt service.

- Business-type Activities: These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services. These business-type activities of the City include the operations of the:
 - o Sewer Fund
 - o BIDPA (Berlin Industrial Development and Park Authority Fund)
 - o Cates Hill Landfill Fund
- Component Unit: A component unit is an entity that is legally separate from the City, but for which the City is financially accountable. The financial data for the Berlin Water Works, the City's only component unit, has been included in the City's government-wide financial statements, as required. Complete financial statements for the Berlin Water Works can be obtained by writing to the Board of Commissioners, 55 Willow Street, Berlin, NH 03570.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the City government and report on the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The City's funds are divided into 3 categories—governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. For governmental and proprietary funds, only those funds that are considered major funds are reported in individual columns in the Fund Financial Statements. The combining schedules included in the Supplementary Section of the report are to support the non-major activities. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fiduciary type (private-purpose trusts and agency funds).

• Governmental Funds: Most of the basic services provided by the City are financed through governmental funds. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements report using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 and 5.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented here with similar information presented in the governmental-wide financial statements. Reconciliations are provided between the Governmental Fund Statements and the Government-Wide Statements, which can be found on pages 4 and 6.

The City has one major governmental fund; the General Fund. Individual fund data for each of the City's nonmajor governmental funds is provided as supplementary information in the combining statements found on pages 63-66. The nonmajor governmental funds are:

- o Federal Projects Fund
- o Food Service Fund
- o Airport Authority Fund
- o Health Department Fund
- o Recreation and Parks Programs Fund
- o Grants Fund

- CDBG Fund
- o Capital Projects Fund
- o Permanent Funds
- Proprietary Funds: The City's proprietary funds provide goods and services to the general
 public and charge a user fee. These activities are reported in one major fund, the Sewer
 Fund, and two nonmajor proprietary funds
 - o Cates Hill Landfill Fund
 - o Berlin Industrial Park and Development Authority (BIDPA) Fund

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, reconciliation is not necessary between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-9, with individual fund data for each of the City's nonmajor proprietary funds provided as supplementary information in the combining statements found on pages 67-69.

- Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds in that they use the accrual basis of accounting. The City's fiduciary funds on pages 10-11 include the:
 - o Berlin Trust Fund
 - Home Nursing Trust Fund
 - o Miles Scholarship Trust Fund
 - o Elaine Hardy Scholarship Fund
 - o Library Trust Fund
 - o Irene Markovich Scholarship Fund
 - o Student Activities Agency Fund
 - o Jericho Wind-power Agency Fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 12-43.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements and accompanying notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for each of the City's major governmental funds with a legally adopted budget (General Fund only) and includes a reconciliation between the reported activity of the revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses for budgetary purposes (Schedule 1, page 44) and the activity as presented in the governmental fund financial statements (Exhibit D, page 5). Also, included in the required supplementary information is the schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of City OPEB contributions, schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of City pension contributions (Schedules 2-6, pages 45-49). The notes to the required supplementary information can be found on pages 50-51.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The City's Primary Government combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) totaled \$26.7 million at the end of fiscal year 2018, a decrease of (\$400) thousand compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.

Net position of the City as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 is as follows (amounts reported in millions):

	Go	vernment	al A	ctivities	Bus	iness-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total Primary Governmen			ernment
			(Re	estated)			(Re	estated)			(Re	estated)
	2018		018 2017		2	2018	:	2017	2018		2017	
Capital assets, net	\$	34.6	\$	32.4	\$	35.1	\$	36.3	\$	69.7	\$	68.7
Other assets		10.5		14.7		10.3		8.6		20.8		23.3
Total Assets		45.1	-	47.1	=	45.4	<u>;</u>	44.9	-	90.5		92.0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	5.9	_	8.8	_	0.2	_	0.3	-	6.1	_	9.1
Long-term liabilities		44.5		48.3		16.7		17.2		61.2		65.5
Other liabilities		1.4		2.0		0.2		0.3		1.6		2.3
Total Liabilities		45.9	_	50.3	_	16.9	_	17.5	J=	62.8	_	67.8
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	7.1	_	6.2	_	170		<u>:•</u> X		7.1	_	6.2
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		26.5		27.5		20.1		20.6		46.6		48.1
Restricted		0.4		0.4		1.4		1.0		1.8		1.4
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(28.9)		(28.5)		7.2		6.1		(21.7)		(22.4)
Total Net Position	\$	(2.0)	\$	(0.6)	\$	28.7	\$	27.7	\$	26.7	\$	27.1

The largest portion of the City's net position consists of its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roads and bridges), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves generally cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

This year the City had an increase in unrestricted net position of \$700 thousand from the prior fiscal year. The most significant components affecting the deficit unrestricted net position of the governmental activities at year end is due to the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources in accordance with GASB

Statements No. 68 and 75. A deficit unrestricted net position balance is expected to continue into subsequent years as a result of Statements 68 and 75.

Statement of Activities

Changes in net position for the years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	Governme	ntal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Total Primary Governm			ernmen
		(Restated) (Restate		estated)			(Re	stated)			
	2018		2017	2	2018	. 2	2017	2	018	2	.017
Revenues											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 2.3	\$	2.4	\$	2.1	\$	2.3	S	4.4	\$	4.7
Operating grants and contributions	14.4		13.8		*		-		14.4		13.8
Capital grants and contributions	0.5	i	0.5		2.8				3.3		0.5
General revenues:											
Property and other taxes	16.8		16.7		*				16.8		16.7
Licenses and permits	1.5	i	1.4		2		- E		1.5		1.4
Intergovernmental	0.5		0.6				-		0.5		0.6
Miscellaneous	0.2	_	0.2			_	-		0.2		0.2
Total revenues	36.2	_	35.6	-	4.9	_	2.3	-	41.1	_	37.9
Expenses											
General government	2.1		2.1		2		- 2		2.1		2.1
Public safety	6.6		6.4		ā		-		6.6		6.4
Airport/Aviation center	0.3		0.4		*		(=)		0.3		0.4
Highways and streets	3.8		2.6		=		12		3.8		2.6
Health and welfare	0.1		0.6		5		-		0.1		0.6
Sanitation	1.0)	0.8		¥				1.0		0.8
Culture and recreation	0.7		0.7		2		1/20		0.7		0.7
Economic development			0.1		5		(15)				0.1
Education	20.6	i	20.2		*				20.6		20.2
Food service	0.6		0.6		2		1726		0.6		0.6
Debt service	0.2		0.3				18		0.2		0.3
Intergovernmental	1.6		1.6		-		294		1.6		1.6
Sewer					3.9	_	3.4		3.9		3.4
Total expenses	37.6		36.4	_	3.9	_	3.4	-	41.5	_	39.8
Change in net position	(1.4)	(0.8)		1.0		(1.1)		(0.4)		(1.9
Net position, beginning of year	(0.6)	5.9		27.7		29.1		27.1		35.0
Restatement due to implementation											
of GASB Statement No. 75		-	(5.7)	-	<u> </u>	_	(0.3)	-	<u>.</u>		(6.0
Net position, end of year	\$ (2.0) \$	(0.6)	\$	28.7	\$	27.7	\$	26.7	\$	27.1

Property and other taxes brought in \$16.8 million in revenue. Other major revenues consisted of licenses and permits, charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

The City's expenses cover a range of services. The largest governmental expenses were for education (55%), public safety (18%), highways and streets (10%) and general government (6%), which accounted for roughly 89% of total governmental expenditures.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities revenues of \$36.2 million were exceeded by expenses of \$37.6 million in fiscal year 2018, thereby decreasing the City's governmental activities net position by (\$1.4) million.

A comparison of the cost of services by function for the City's governmental activities with the related program revenues is shown below. Note that some of the largest expenses for the City (Education, Public Safety and General Government) also represent the activities that have the largest gap between expenses and program revenues. Since program revenues do not offset these expenses, the difference is made up from property taxes.

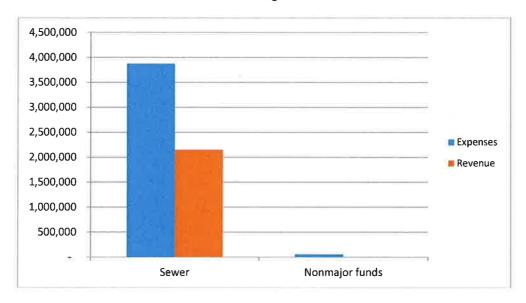
25.0 20.0 Expenses 15.0 Revenue 10.0 5.0 Culture and recreation ure and serve and in feonomic development Highways and streets Health and Welfare Foodservice Intergovernmental Dehtservice Education Public Safety

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities

The charges for goods and services for the City's Sewer Fund, the major proprietary fund, were inadequate to cover the operating expenses, which includes depreciation expense. However, this does not include the inflows of capital from State-Aid Grants provided to offset Sewer Debt, Federal Grant Programs and State Revolving Loan Fund Program proceeds.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business Type Activities Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

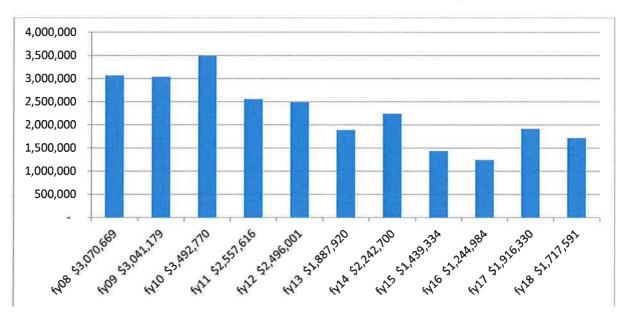


FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's near-term financing requirements. In particular, the General Fund unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Unassigned General Fund Balances from fiscal years 2008 through 2018 are as follows:

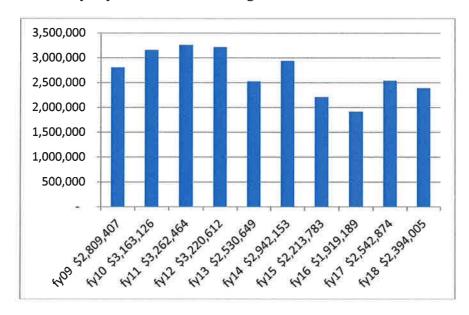


General Fund

As indicated above, the General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$1,717,591, while total fund balance was \$2,806,832. The total fund balance includes nonspendable balances for prepaid expenses and tax deeded property, as well as assignments for encumbrances and continuing appropriations at fiscal year-end. The total General Fund unassigned fund balance decreased by (\$198,739) from the previous year.

Budgetary Basis

The above analysis done in this review has been based on modified accrual accounting basis figures from the audit. This is different than the budgetary basis that the City actually operates on. Accordingly, the chart below provides the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance for the last ten years on a budgetary basis since these are the figures used by the City in budgeting and the figures the City would actually rely on for decision-making.



As indicated in the above chart, the City's effort in past years to increase its Unassigned Fund Balance was generally successful. However, the difficulty in maintaining that balance becomes greater every year, as the City has applied a significant amount of the balance to reduce the tax rate in each of the past three years. For the fiscal year 2018, the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance has decreased to \$2,394,005, with \$964,000 being applied to reduce the 2017 tax rate.

Other Governmental Funds

The combined fund balances of the nonmajor governmental funds decreased during the year by (\$3,644,797) to a fiscal year end balance of \$269,954. The decrease was primarily a result of the City expending \$3,660,157 of prior year bond proceeds for authorized project purposes in the current year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements (accrual basis). Therefore there is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Total net position of the proprietary funds increased by \$983,507 from the prior year. This increase was primarily a result of capital contributions received in the form of long-term state aid grant receivables in the amount of \$2,764,377. Additionally, the amount collected from sewer user fees was insufficient to offset operating expenses. This is primarily because depreciation does not show up in the City Sewer Fund budget as an expense when determining sewer rates. The Sewer Fund itself had a loss before capital contributions of (\$1,728,668). The Nonmajor Proprietary Funds had a combined net position decrease of (\$52,202) in fiscal year 2018.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the original budget was amended by various supplemental appropriations and authorized transfers. A Budget to Actual Schedule for the major governmental fund (the General Fund) required to report budgetary activity can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section on page 44.

Actual budgetary revenues were greater than the budgeted estimated revenues by \$215,302. There were favorable variances of \$116,983 and \$178,286 in actual licenses and permits and intergovernmental revenue from the amounts budgeted, respectively. There were unfavorable variances of (\$65,297) and (\$32,029) in actual charges for services and miscellaneous revenue from the amounts budgeted, respectively. Actual budgetary expenditures at fiscal year-end were \$906,349 less than the final budgeted appropriations. Several City Departments were over budget, while several were under budgeted amounts. The City made a concerted effort to control costs resulting in savings on certain budgeted items. The Schools spent \$489,941 less than budgeted. General government was \$187,241 less than budgeted and Public safety spent \$371,440 less than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, amounted to \$122.4 million. Accumulated depreciation was \$52.7 million leaving a net book value of \$69.7 million. This investment in capital assets includes equipment, real property, infrastructure, computer software, and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable, of value only to the City, which include roads and bridges. GASB Statement 34 requires assets, including infrastructure, for the City's governmental funds to be reported in the Government-Wide Statements. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 23-24 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

The City may issue general obligation bonds and notes in anticipation of such bonds authorized by the City Council. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$22.9 million. This amount does not include unamortized bond premiums or bonded debt

outstanding by the Berlin Water Works, its component unit. The City may issue general obligation debt for the Berlin Water Works (a component unit of the City) and these general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Accordingly, this general obligation debt is recognized as a liability of the Berlin Water Works and is not recorded as a long-term obligation of the City. The Berlin Water Works will reimburse the City for direct payments made on its behalf for annual principal and interest on such debt. The City did not make any direct debt service payments on-behalf of the Berlin Water Works in the current year. Outstanding capital leases payable of governmental activities totaled \$73 thousand at year end. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt obligations can be found in Note 5 on pages 24-28 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Net Pension Liability and Other Post-Employment Benefits

During fiscal year 2015, the City implemented GASB Statement 68 which requires the City to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's net pension liability. Under GASB Statement 68, the City recognizes pension expense and reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension for its proportionate share of collective pension expense and collective deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension. At current year end, the City had a net pension liability of \$28.3 million, with deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension in the amounts of \$5.8 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. Additional information regarding the City's net pension liability can be found in Note 7 on pages 35-38 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

As noted previously in this narrative, during the year the City implemented GASB Statement 75 which requires the City to recognize a liability for its proportionate share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's net OPEB liability in addition to modifying the accounting and measurement methods used to value the City's single employer OPEB plan. Under GASB Statement 75, the City recognizes OPEB expense and reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB for its single employer OPEB plan and for its proportionate share of collective OPEB expense and collective deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the New Hampshire Retirement System's multi-employer OPEB plan. At year end, the City had a total OPEB liability of \$7.1 million, with total deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB in the amounts of \$247 thousand and \$125 thousand, respectively. Additional information regarding the City's OPEB liability can be found in Note 6 on pages 28-34 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

The Burgess BioPower biomass plant continues to operate efficiently while providing 25 direct jobs and supports many more indirect jobs and services.

Jericho Wind Power (recently acquired by LS Power) completed construction of its 5-tower wind farm in 2015. The 2.85 mega-watt towers are online and are producing power to the grid. The first payment in lieu of taxes made by agreement to the City occurred in July of 2016. The agreement will provide increasing revenues to the City over the next 20-year period.

Smith Hydro, formerly owned by Eversourse, was sold to Hull St. Energy and is now being operated by Central Rivers Power, LLC. The plant has a 15 MW capacity and employs 5 people locally.

Brookfield Renewable operates three hydroelectric facilities in the City; Sawmill – 3.2 MW, Riverside – 7.9 MW and Cross – 3.2 MW. Brookfield employs 12 staff including an administrative assistant, operations manager, planner, project manager and multiple technicians.

Capone Iron Corporation expanded their fabrication space and has added a total of 25 jobs which is 12 more jobs than reported last year. They have plans to hire additional staff.

The Gorham Paper Mill continues to operate and improve product lines and actively seek employees. They continue to operate with approximately 113 employees. Of the 123 employees, 22 were replaced through attrition with new employees.

The Federal Corrections Institutions current staffing is 235 employees. This is slightly down from last year's employment total. They continue to actively recruit additional staff.

Androscoggin Valley Hospital continues to develop its association with the other 3 North Country hospitals in order to improve the quality of services while decreasing costs. AVH currently employs 363 individuals.

The Berlin Industrial Development Park Authority's (BIDPA) mission is to promote the development and preservation of business and industry to serve the City of Berlin. BIDPA has acquired a 215-acre parcel that is situated immediately north of the current industrial park. BIDPA is in continued discussions with a commercial agricultural enterprise who wishes to occupy the site. This has been an attenuated process for a variety of reasons but it is still being worked on. This enterprise is expected to create 80 jobs.

The City's number of tax deeded properties taken in fiscal year 2018 was similar to that taken in 2017. There were 7 with building and 2 vacant lots. Nonetheless, the overall trend appears to be that tax deeded properties are decreasing. This is a relatively small number compared to past years. We hope that this is a trend that continues into the future. Recorded residential property sales in FY18 indicate a continued and significant increase in sales activity and sale prices. This has been welcome news and the City attributes this growth to efforts focused on reducing over supply and increasing demand through growth activities like ATV recreation.

The City continued construction of the Route 16 upgrade project which is an approximately \$6 million-dollar re-construction project designed to upgrade the deteriorated road and sidewalks with features that meet current standards to enhance both vehicular and pedestrian safety. The project is slated for substantial completion in FY18. The project has been in the City's capital plans for many years and includes connections to a riverwalk along the Androscoggin where none currently exists. The City has obtained grant funding for the riverwalk and will begin construction 2019. The new features of the project are designed to support the operations of the festivals and activities that occur in this area, such as the Riverfire event which attracts several thousand visitors each year. The City's funding strategy for paying the debt on this project includes the use of increasing revenues from the City's Pilot agreements.

The State of New Hampshire is continuing the development of its multi-use Jericho Mountain State Park. Included in this development is 300 acres around Jericho Lake that the City donated to the State. The park is a regional attraction. The park has a campground with 20 primitive campsites, including 5 cabins, 6 tent sites and 9 RV sites. The campground now has a new bath house available for visitors. The campground connects to the 75 miles of OHRV trails at the park and serves as the gateway to the 1,000 miles of trails in Coos County known as Ride the Wilds. The park also has a day-use area with a beach for swimming, pavilion, and boat launch. This development is having a

very significant impact on the City's image and economic base. The City ordinance which allows OHRV traffic on all City streets continues to be successful. The OHRV friendly atmosphere has also led to the sale of residential properties in the City as second homes. The City is an active partner in the extremely popular, annual Jericho ATV/OHRV Festival. Each year, the event continues to break attendance records. The Chamber of Commerce and the NH Bureau of Trails entered into discussions with OHRV manufacturer Polaris about hosting Polaris' premier event, "Camp RZR", at the park in September of 2016 and 2017. The event in the fall of 2016 was on the scale the annual Jericho ATV Festival by drawing in 6,000 or more attendees.

Further significant developments, which are occurring on Route 110, include a proposed 170 RV site campground, the marketing of a large old manufacturing plant site which has been cleared for re-use. Renovation of older buildings for commercial development and other land sale activity continue on Route 110.

With the marked upswing in property sale numbers and prices, it is evident that the investments in housing stock, ATV recreation and more traditional employment are now having a significant impact on the economy. The City needs to stay the course in its transformation. The biggest threat continues to be reduced state education aid and a variety of legislative proposals which will hurt the current economic status. Being vigilant in addressing these threats is another adaptive capacity the City has developed and this bodes well for our future.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all Berlin citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: City of Berlin, Department of Finance, 168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570.

EXHIBIT A
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2018

	I			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
AGGTTTG	Activities	Activities	Total	<u>Unit</u>
ASSETS Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,195,813		\$ 7,195,813	\$ 1,857,618
Investments	6,901,516		6,901,516	233,949
Taxes receivable, net	706,254		706,254	
Accounts receivable, net	69,926	\$ 487,985	557,911	205,926
Due from other governments	1,603,342	232,652	1,835,994	440 140
Unbilled user charges Internal balances	(6,436,944)	6,436,944	((*)	440,148
Prepaid expenses	47,521	6,348	53,869	
Inventory	7,030	65,287	72,317	251,233
Tax deeded property	410,179		410,179	
Total Current Assets	10,504,637	7,229,216	17,733,853	2,988,874
Warran and America				
Noncurrent Assets: Due from other governments		2 100 266	2 100 266	
Capital assets:		3,108,266	3,108,266	
Non-depreciable capital assets	1,723,122	249,231	1,972,353	641,758
Depreciable capital assets, net	32,918,668	34,807,646	67,726,314	39,264,754
Total Noncurrent Assets	34,641,790	38,165,143	72,806,933	39,906,512
Total Assets	45,146,427	45,394,359	90,540,786	42,895,386
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Loss on debt refunding		47,055	47,055	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	239,172	7,699	246,871	1,836
Deferred outflows related to pension	5,618,498	183,974	5,802,472	168,942
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,857,670	238,728	6,096,398	170,778
I LADII ITITO				
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	273,967	47,416	321,383	37,107
Accrued expenses	617,925	163,457	781,382	173,624
Retainage payable	315,638	6,100	321,738	•
Refundable deposits		20,000	20,000	
Advances from grantors	191,027		191,027	
Unearned revenue	10,819		10,819	
Due to other governments Current portion of bonds payable	2,436 520,000	645,622	2,436 1,165,622	
Current portion of notes payable	320,000	043,022	1,103,022	518,313
Current portion of compensated absences payable	104,546		104,546	12,576
Current portion of estimated liability for				
landfill postclosure care costs	14,100	14,700	28,800	T11 (22)
Total Current Liabilities	2,050,458	897,295	2,947,753	741,620
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Bonds payable	7,921,899	14,337,081	22,258,980	
Notes payable	, ,	, ,	990	8,014,648
State of New Hampshire revolving loans			74	2,000,000
Compensated absences payable	1,570,664	142,976	1,713,640	122,997
Accrued longevity payout	36,375	202 525	36,375	202 124
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability Net pension liability	6,732,694 27,426,085	383,535 892,080	_7,116,229 28,318,165	283,134 938,805
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs	112,800	235,200	348,000	936,803
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	43,800,517	15,990,872	59,791,389	11,359,584
Total Liabilities	45,850,975	16,888,167	62,739,142	12,101,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property taxes collected in advance	5,457,258	6 990	5,457,258	6 222
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pension	117,638 1,558,469	6,880 40,257	124,518 1,598,726	6,232 224,443
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,133,365	47,137	7,180,502	230,675
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	26,538,749	20,068,074	46,606,823	29,373,551
Restricted	403,410	1,408,000	1,811,410	1 360 724
Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	(28,922,402) \$ (1,980,243)	7,221,709 \$ 28,697,783	(21,700,693) \$ 26,717,540	1,360,734 \$ 30,734,285
TOTAL TYPE I OSHIOH	4 (1,700,243)	¥ 20,071,103	ψ 20,711,2TV	\$ 00,107,200

EXHIBIT B
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		a	Program Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
			Operating	Capital	I	rimary Governme	nt	
Francis and D	-	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Unit</u>
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$ 2,101,487	\$ 67,512	\$ 464,179		\$ (1,569,796)		\$ (1,569,796)	
Public safety	6,614,117	326,009	322,183	\$ 6,800	(5,959,125)		(5,959,125)	
Airport/Aviation center	298,220	130,162	36,162	171,950	40,054		40,054	
Highways and streets	3,817,298	20,651	457,838	267,128	(3,071,681)		(3,071,681)	
Health and welfare	67,581	4,136	8,378		(55,067)		(55,067)	
Sanitation	939,073	29,363			(909,710)		(909,710)	
Culture and recreation	704,185	48,499	4,811		(650,875)		(650,875)	
Economic development	21,474		12,332		(9,142)		(9,142)	
Education	20,636,521	1,523,893	12,684,076		(6,428,552)		(6,428,552)	
Food service	607,786	191,234	420,253		3,701		3,701	
Interest and fiscal charges	229,385				(229,385)		(229,385)	
Intergovernmental	1,556,553				(1,556,553)		(1,556,553)	
Total governmental activities	37,593,680	_2,341,459	_14,410,212	445,878	(20,396,131)	\$ -	(20,396,131)	
Business-type activities:								
Sewer	3,878,641	2,094,158		2,764,377		979,894	979,894	
Nonmajor enterprise funds	58,401					(58,401)	(58,401)	
Total business-type activities	3,937,042	2,094,158	-	2,764,377		921,493	921,493	
Total primary government	\$ 41,530,722	\$ 4,435,617	\$ 14,410,212	\$ 3,210,255	(20,396,131)	921,493	(19,474,638)	
Component unit:								
Water	\$ 3,162,002	\$ 2,615,847		\$ 728,500				\$ 182,345
Total component unit	\$ 3,162,002	\$ 2,615,847	\$ -	\$ 728,500				182,345
Tour component unit	ψ 3,102,002	\$2,015,047	<u>σ</u>	<u>\$ 720,500</u>				162,343
		General revenu						
		Property and			16,769,508		16,769,508	
		Licenses and	•		1,469,283		1,469,283	
		Grants and co						
			meals tax distribut		539,391		539,391	
			vestment earning	5	27,846	40,199	68,045	3,006
-		Miscellaneous			170,289	21,815	192,104	99,673
			o permanent fund		-1,350		1,350	(4.50)
			posal of capital ass		(4,810)		(4,810)	(150)
			al revenues, contri					
			fund principal and	i net ioss	18,972,857	62.014	10.024.021	100 500
			l of capital assets			62,014	19,034,871	102,529
			in net position beginning of year.	as restated	(1,423,274) (556,969)	983,507 27,714,276	(439,767) 27,157,307	284,874 30,449,411
				, as restated			\$ 26,717,540	
		Net Position at	end of year		\$ (1,980,243)	\$ 28,697,783	⊅ ∠0,/1/,340	\$ 30,734,285

EXHIBIT C
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2018

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
	¢ 7 104 500	¢ 1215	¢ 7105012
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,194,598	\$ 1,215	\$ 7,195,813
Investments	6,522,858	378,658	6,901,516
Taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable	706,254	12.067	706,254
	24,959	43,967	68,926
Due from other governments Due from other funds	717,365	885,977 540,786	1,603,342
	1,050,893	•	1,591,679
Prepaid expenses	13,983	33,538	47,521
Inventory	410 170	7,030	7,030 410,179
Tax deeded property Total Assets	410,179 16,641,089	1 901 171	18,532,260
1 otal Assets	10,041,089	1,891,171	18,332,200
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		· -	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 16,641,089	\$ 1,891,171	\$ 18,532,260
Total Assets and Deterred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 10,041,009</u>	Ψ 1,091,171	Ψ 10,552,200
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 229,675	\$ 44,292	\$ 273,967
Accrued expenses	487,528	12,764	500,292
Retainage payable	.07,520	315,638	315,638
Advances from grantors		191,027	191,027
Unearned revenue	3,216	7,603	10,819
Due to other governments	2,436	,,,,,,	2,436
Due to other funds	6,977,730	1,049,893	8,027,623
Total Liabilities	7,700,585	1,621,217	9,321,802
	-		8
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes collected in advance	5,457,258		5,457,258
Uncollected property tax revenue	676,414		676,414
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,133,672	. <u> </u>	6,133,672
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	424,162	196,121	620,283
Restricted		364,816	364,816
Committed		14,816	14,816
Assigned	665,079		665,079
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,717,591	(305,799)	1,411,792
Total Fund Balances	2,806,832	269,954	3,076,786
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			
and Fund Balances	\$ 16,641,089	\$ 1,891,171	\$ 18,532,260

EXHIBIT C-1 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 3,076,786
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	34,641,790
Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the	
statement of net position, not the modified accrual basis	676,414
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources	
that do not require or provide the use of current financial resources are not reported within the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	239,172
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	5,618,498
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(117,638)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(1,558,469)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term	
liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds payable	(8,441,899)
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	(117,633)
Compensated absences payable	(1,675,210)
Accrued longevity payout	(36,375)
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability	(6,732,694)
Net pension liability	(27,426,085)
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs	(126,900)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)	\$ (1,980,243)

EXHIBIT D
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Nonmajor	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 16,719,638		\$ 16,719,638
Licenses and permits	1,469,283		1,469,283
Intergovernmental	11,191,013	\$ 3,825,213	15,016,226
Charges for services	1,931,685	389,842	2,321,527
Interest income	23,035	4,811	27,846
Miscellaneous	190,221	161,855	352,076
Total Revenues	31,524,875	4,381,721	35,906,596
Expenditures:			
Current operations:			
General government	1,641,275	464,178	2,105,453
Public safety	5,676,382	354,133	6,030,515
Airport/Aviation center		147,541	147,541
Highways and streets	2,132,097	390,680	2,522,777
Health and welfare	131,640	2,219	133,859
Sanitation	847,310		847,310
Culture and recreation	608,804	47,797	656,601
Economic development	57	16,577	16,634
Education	17,680,545	2,547,048	20,227,593
Food service		607,786	607,786
Capital outlay	580,822	3,441,896	4,022,718
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	485,000		485,000
Interest and fiscal charges	296,706		296,706
Intergovernmental	1,556,553		1,556,553
Total Expenditures	31,637,191	8,019,855	39,657,046
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(112,316)	(3,638,134)	(3,750,450)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	6,663		6,663
Transfers out	0,005	(6,663)	(6,663)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,663	(6,663)	- (0,000)
Net change in fund balances	(105,653)	(3,644,797)	(3,750,450)
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,912,485	3,914,751	6,827,236
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,806,832	\$ 269,954	\$ 3,076,786

EXHIBIT D-1

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (3,750,450)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	2,007,211
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss of disposed capital assets reduced by the actual proceeds received from the sale.	(4,810)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	268,620
Repayment of principal on bonds and capital leases payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	557,769
Governmental funds report the effect of bond issuance premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities over the life of the related debt.	57,577
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	9,744
Governmental funds report OPEB and pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, OPEB and pension expense reflects the change in the OPEB liability and net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and does not require the use of current financial resources. This is the amount by which OPEB and pension expense differed from OPEB and pension contributions in the current period. Net changes in OPEB Net changes in pension	44,006 (453,153)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, accrued longevity payout and the estimated liability for landfill	
postclosure care costs, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(159,788)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	\$ (1,423,274)

EXHIBIT E CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

June 30, 2018	Dyningas type Activities		
	Business-type Activities		
	Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise	
		• .	Totala
ASSETS	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS Current Assets:			
	¢ 407.005		¢ 407.005
Accounts receivable	\$ 487,985	e 02.000	\$ 487,985
Due from other governments	149,764	\$ 82,888	232,652
Due from other funds	5,437,188	999,756	6,436,944
Prepaid expenses	6,348		6,348
Inventory	65,287	1.000.644	65,287
Total Current Assets	6,146,572	1,082,644	7,229,216
Noncurrent Assets:			
Due from other governments	3,108,266		3,108,266
Capital assets:	, ,		, ,
Non-depreciable capital assets	153,028	96,203	249,231
Depreciable capital assets, net	34,807,646	•	34,807,646
Total Noncurrent Assets	38,068,940	96,203	38,165,143
Total Assets	44,215,512	1,178,847	45,394,359
		S	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Loss on debt refunding	47,055		47,055
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	7,699		7,699
Deferred outflows related to pension	183,974	•	183,974
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	238,728		238,728
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	46,639	777	47,416
Accrued expenses	163,457		163,457
Retainage payable	6,100		6,100
Refundable deposits		20,000	20,000
Current portion of bonds payable	645,622		645,622
Current portion of estimated liability for			
landfill postclosure care costs		14,700	14,700
Total Current Liabilities	861,818	35,477	897,295
		3	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1.4.007.001		14 225 001
Bonds payable	14,337,081		14,337,081
Compensated absences payable	142,976		142,976
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability	383,535		383,535
Net pension liability	892,080	225 200	892,080
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs	15.055 (00	235,200	235,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	15,755,672	235,200	15,990,872
Total Liabilities	16,617,490	270,677	16,888,167
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	6,880		6,880
Deferred inflows related to pension	40,257		40,257
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	47,137	(#1)	47,137
Total Determine Miles in Total Miles			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	19,971,871	96,203	20,068,074
Restricted for:	er ingendindeless		group (market to account the c
Short-lived asset replacement reserve	1,408,000		1,408,000
Unrestricted	6,409,742	811,967	7,221,709
Total Net Position	\$ 27,789,613	\$ 908,170	\$ 28,697,783

EXHIBIT F
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities		
	3	Nonmajor	
	Sewer	Enterprise	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 2,094,158		\$ 2,094,158
Miscellaneous	21,815	N	21,815
Total Operating Revenues	2,115,973	<u> </u>	2,115,973
Operating expenses:			
Personnel services	1,246,377		1,246,377
Contractual services	617		617
Repairs and maintenance	78,458	50,208	128,666
Administrative	206,037	8,193	214,230
Materials and supplies	314,300		314,300
Utilities	221,390		221,390
Miscellaneous	30,847		30,847
Depreciation	1,428,762		1,428,762
Total Operating Expenses	3,526,788	58,401	3,585,189
Operating loss	(1,410,815)	(58,401)	(1,469,216)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	34,000	6,199	40,199
Interest expense	(351,853)		(351,853)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(317,853)	6,199	(311,654)
Loss before capital contributions	(1,728,668)	(52,202)	(1,780,870)
Capital contributions	2,764,377	10	2,764,377
Change in net position	1,035,709	(52,202)	983,507
Net Position at beginning of year, as restated	26,753,904	960,372	27,714,276
Net Position at end of year	\$ 27,789,613	\$ 908,170	\$ 28,697,783

EXHIBIT G CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities		
		Nonmajor	
	Sewer	Enterprise	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,064,077		\$ 2,064,077
Cash paid to suppliers	(824,078)	\$ (34,686)	(858,764)
Cash paid to employees	(1,071,968)		(1,071,968)
Other operating cash receipts	4,775	2,533	7,308
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	172,806	(32,153)	140,653
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Principal paid on long-term debt	(629,912)		(629,912)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(387,382)		(387,382)
Capital contributions	393,108		393,108
Purchases of capital assets	(202,378)		(202,378)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(826,564)		(826,564)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	34,000	6,199	40,199
Net cash provided by investing activities	34,000	6,199	40,199
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(619,758)	(25,954)	(645,712)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,056,946	1,025,710	7,082,656
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 5,437,188	\$ 999,756	\$ 6,436,944
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (1,410,815)	\$ (58,401)	\$ (1,469,216)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	. (, , , ,	. , ,	. () / /
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	1,428,762		1,428,762
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(136)		(136)
Change in deferred outflows related to pension	70,331		70,331
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	6,880		6,880
Change in deferred inflows related to pension	19,139		19,139
Changes in assets and liabilities:	17,107		17,107
Accounts receivable	(47,121)		(47,121)
Due from other governments	(17,121)	(16,979)	(16,979)
Prepaid expenses	(159)	(20,575)	(159)
Inventory	31,799		31,799
Accounts payable	(4,069)	(1,473)	(5,542)
Accrued expenses	9	(1,175)	9
Compensated absences payable	(6,503)		(6,503)
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability	70,753		70,753
Net pension liability	13,936		13,936
•	15,950	44,700	44,700
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs	ф. 170.00 <i>(</i>		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 172,806	\$ (32,153)	\$ 140,653
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position:			
Capital asset additions included in year end liabilities	\$ 27,445		\$ 27,445
Amortization on bond premium	39,918		39,918
Amortization on loss on debt refunding	(7,253)	Φ.	(7,253)
	\$ 60,110	<u> </u>	\$ 60,110

EXHIBIT H CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Private- Purpose <u>Trusts</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,520	\$ 222,681
Investments	23,715	37,817
Total Assets	113,235	\$ 260,498
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		\$ 38,780
Due to student groups		221,718
Due to other funds	1,000	
Total Liabilities	1,000	\$ 260,498
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		
NET POSITION		
Held in trust	112,235	
Total Net Position	\$ 112,235	

EXHIBIT I CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

ADDITIONS:	Private- Purpose <u>Trusts</u>
Contributions:	
Private donations	\$ 79,175
Total Contributions	79,175
Investment earnings:	
Investment income	137
Total Additions	<u>79,312</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefits	69,638
Total Deductions	69,638
Change in Net Position	9,674
Net Position at beginning of year	102,561
Net Position at end of year	<u>\$ 112,235</u>

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America for local governmental units, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Berlin, New Hampshire (the City) was incorporated in 1829. The City operates under the City Council/City Mayor form of government and performs local governmental functions as authorized by its charter.

The financial statements include those of the various departments governed by the City Council and other officials with financial responsibility.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 (as amended by GASB No. 39 and No. 61) requires that all component units for which the City maintains financial oversight and a financial benefit or burden relationship be included in the financial statements. Oversight responsibility is derived from a number of criteria including financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The relative importance of each criterion must be evaluated in light of specific circumstances.

Although the decision to include or exclude a component unit is left to the professional judgment of local responsible officials, a positive response to any of the criteria requires that the specific reason for excluding the component unit be disclosed.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's component unit, the Berlin Water Works. The Berlin Water Works financial data is reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are separate from the City and to allow financial statement users to distinguish between the primary government and the component unit.

The Berlin Water Works, which was incorporated as a body politic in 1925, is included because the Mayor, with confirmation of the City Council, appoints the Water Commissioners, and debt is issued by the City on behalf of the Berlin Water Works. Debt issued by the Berlin Water Works is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Separately issued financial statements of the Berlin Water Works may be obtained by writing to their Board of Commissioners at 55 Willow Street, Berlin, New Hampshire 03570-1883.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government and its component unit, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial conditions of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is reported as fund balance. The following is the City's sole major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The City has no internal service funds. The following is the City's sole major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the City's wastewater operations.

The Sewer Fund is utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the residents on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City maintains various private-purpose trust funds which account for monies designated to benefit individuals within the City. The City's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The City's agency funds account for the Student Activities Fund of the City's schools and deposits held for the future decommissioning of privately funded wind turbines located within the City.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City and its component unit are included on the Statement of Net Position.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and

decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 12). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes, charges for services and interest on investments.

Licenses and permits and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as advances from grantors. On governmental fund financial statements, property taxes receivable that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

2. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The City's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by annual or special City Council meetings. The City Council may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The City adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but permits the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City applied \$964,000 of its unassigned fund balance to reduce taxes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools its cash resources for the governmental and proprietary funds. Cash applicable to a particular fund is reflected as an interfund balance. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

D. . . C.

	Due <i>from</i>
	other funds
Proprietary Funds:	
Sewer Fund	\$ 5,437,188
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	999,756
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,436,944

Investments

Investments are stated at their fair value in all funds. Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with a maturity of greater than ninety days from the date of issuance are included in investments.

Taxes Receivable

Taxes levied during the current fiscal year and prior and uncollected at June 30, 2018 are recorded as receivables net of reserves for estimated uncollectible taxes of \$503,669.

Due from Other Governments

Receivables due from other governments at June 30, 2018 consist of various federal and state funding programs and reimbursements due from other local governmental units for services performed by the City. All receivables are considered collectible in full. Due from other governments in the Sewer Fund consist of state aid grant reimbursements which are to be received over the life of the related state debt, and as such, are classified as both current and noncurrent receivables in the amount of \$149,764 and \$3,108,266, respectively.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2018 are recorded as prepaid items.

Inventory

On government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of food supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased.

Note Receivable

During December 2013, the City was awarded a Community Development Block Grant, the purpose of which was to sub-grant the funds to a sub-recipient for renovation costs associated with converting a City property into affordable elderly housing. As part of the grant agreement, the City transferred the converted property to the sub-recipient in exchange for a note receivable in the amount of \$480,000. Annual interest will be at 0% for the entire term of the note. The principal balance of the note shall become due and payable in full the earlier of transfer of property to an entity not controlled by the sub-recipient or 20 years from the date on which the project is placed in service for federal tax purposes, but in no event later than December 31, 2034. Additionally, the note is secured by certain covenants that require 100% of persons or households residing in the property to be low and moderate-income households. As of June 30, 2018, the City does not intend to collect on this balance and believes that payment in the event of default by the sub-recipient is unlikely. Accordingly, the City has recorded an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the governmental activities for the entire \$480,000 balance.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column.

All capital assets including infrastructure are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, sidewalks, sewer collection and treatment systems, and similar items. The City does not possess any intangible assets. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Years
Infrastructure	10-50
Land improvements	5-30
Buildings and improvements	5-60
Vehicles and equipment	3-30

Loss on Debt Refunding

Debt refunding that results in a difference between the reacquisition price of old debt and the net carrying value of the old debt has been reported in the accompanying financial statements as a loss on debt refunding. The loss on debt refunding is amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the related refunding debt using the effective interest rate method.

Bond Premiums

Bond premiums are amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the related bond using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported in the accompanying financial statements gross of any applicable unamortized bond premiums.

Compensated Absences and Accrued Longevity Payout

Employees earn vacation and sick leave as they provide services. Provision is made in the annual budget for vacation and sick leave. Pursuant to City personnel policy and collective bargaining agreements, employees may accumulate (subject to certain limitations) unused sick pay earned and, upon retirement, resignation, or death, will be compensated for such amounts at current rates of pay. Vacation leave accrued and unused at year end, must be taken within the following year or is forfeited.

Pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement between the City and a certain local union, eligible employees who retire, resign, or otherwise leave employment in good standing, may receive a one-time severance longevity payment based upon completed years of service at the rate of \$250 per year. To be eligible, the employee must have completed at least 10 years of continuous service to the City.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences and accrued longevity payouts are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee death, resignation or retirement. The entire compensated absence and accrued longevity payout liabilities are reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and accrued longevity payouts that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from NHRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, NHRS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for non-registered commingled funds valued at net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) and additions to/deductions from NHRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balance Policy

Under GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City has segregated fund balance into five classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These components of fund balance are defined as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers or by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the external resource providers or the enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council Resolutions). Commitments may be changed or lifted only upon the governing body taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. The resolution must either be approved

or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

- <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the City Council or City School Board or by an official or body to which the City Council or City School Board delegates the authority. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any remaining positive balances are to be classified as 'Assigned'.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose. The residual classification of any General Fund balance is to be reported here. Any deficit fund balance of another governmental fund is also classified as 'Unassigned'.

The City Council delegates to the City's Finance Director the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The City's School Board delegates the authority to assign amounts to the Business Administrator.

Spending Prioritizations

The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications may be applied, committed resources are to be applied first, followed by assigned amounts and unassigned amounts.

Deficit Fund Balance

At fiscal year-end, if any of the City's governmental special revenue funds has a deficit unassigned fund balance, the City Manager is authorized to transfer funds from the General Fund to offset the deficit, providing the General Fund has the resources to do so.

Minimum Fund Balance

The City will strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance in its General Fund equal to 8-15% of total annual appropriations of the City (includes City, School Department and County). The City Council has the authority to apply the City's beginning unassigned fund balance in order to balance the budget and to reduce the subsequent fiscal year property tax rate.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/ expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the Sewer Fund, these revenues represent charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses, which include depreciation on capital assets, are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the proprietary fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2018, the Airport Authority Fund, a Nonmajor Governmental Fund, had a deficit 'Unassigned' fund balance of (\$305,799) and total deficit fund balance of (\$272,261).

NOTE 3—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2018 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,195,813
Investments	6,901,516
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	312,201
Investments	61,532
Total deposits and investments	\$ 14,471,062
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	61,532

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2018 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 3,325
Deposits with financial institutions	13,969,602
Investments	498,135
Total deposits and investments	\$ 14,471,062

The City's investment policy for governmental and proprietary funds requires that deposits be made in federally insured banks chartered under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or the federal government with a branch within the State of New Hampshire. The City limits its investments to the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool in accordance with New Hampshire State law, and federally insured banks chartered under the laws of New Hampshire or the federal government with a branch within the State to the following investment types: money market accounts, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, all other types of interest bearing accounts, or obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government.

Responsibility for the investments of the Trust Funds is with the Board of Trustees. Investments of the Student Activities Agency Fund are at the discretion of the School Principals.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City's investment policy for managing credit risk is based on the prudent person principal to ensure capital preservation and protection of investment principal while maintaining sufficient liquidity and seeking a fair rate of return.

As of June 30, 2018, the City's investment in the NHPDIP, a state investment pool, had a fair value balance of \$460,318 and was rated *AAA-mf*. Additionally, City investments in fixed income mutual funds had a fair value balance of \$7,675 at June 30, 2018 and were unrated.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy for assurance against custodial credit risk requires collateralization for all deposits not covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The Trustees of Trust Funds do not have a specific policy regarding custodial credit risk.

Of the City's deposits with financial institutions at year end, \$13,278,110 was collateralized by securities held by the bank in the bank's name and \$16,979 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

As of June 30, 2018, City investments in the following investment types were held by the same counterparty that was used to buy the securities:

Investment Type	<u> </u>	mount
Equity securities	\$	30,142
Fixed income mutual funds		7,675
	\$	37,817

Investment in NHPDIP

The City is a voluntary participant in the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool. The NHPDIP is not registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The NHPDIP was created by state law and is administered by a public body of state, local and banking officials. Financial statements for the NHPDIP can be accessed through the NHPDIP's website at www.NHPDIP.com.

The City's exposure to derivatives is indirect through its participation in the NHPDIP. The City's proportional share of these derivatives is not available. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

Fair value Measurement of Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement 72, Fair value Measurement and Application, the City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows (in order of priority):

- <u>Level 1 Inputs</u> Inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- <u>Level 2 Inputs</u> Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for assets or liabilities either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Inputs Significant unobservable inputs.

As of June 30, 2018, the City's investments measured at fair value, by type, were as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using:						
	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	Le	vel 3	
Investment Type		<u>Inputs</u>	<u>I</u> 1	<u>iputs</u>	<u>In</u>	puts	<u>Totals</u>
Equity securities	\$	30,142					\$ 30,142
Fixed income mutual funds		7,675					7,675
	\$	37,817	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$ 37,817

Equity securities and fixed income mutual funds classified as Level 1 are valued using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for those securities.

NOTE 4—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets of the governmental activities:

	Balance 07/01/17	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/18
Governmental activities:	01/02/21	11001110110		
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,208,025			\$ 1,208,025
		e 220.527	P(16 022 076)	
Construction in progress	16,207,536	\$ 330,537	\$(16,022,976)	515,097
Total capital assets not being depreciated	17,415,561	330,537	(16,022,976)	1,723,122
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	10,299,813	19,260,940		29,560,753
Land improvements	5,297,189	41,860		5,339,049
Buildings and improvements	12,313,561	50,629		12,364,190
Vehicles and equipment	9,827,983	273,283	(316,586)	9,784,680
Total other capital assets at historical cost	37,738,546	19,626,712	(316,586)	57,048,672
Less accumulated depreciation for:		-		
Infrastructure	(6,059,889)	(885,722)		(6,945,611)
Land improvements	(3,574,701)	(101,110)		(3,675,811)
Buildings and improvements	(6,284,248)	(269,355)		(6,553,603)
Vehicles and equipment	(6,814,630)	(455,725)	315,376	(6,954,979)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,733,468)	(1,711,912)	315,376	(24,130,004)
Total other capital assets, net	15,005,078	17,914,800	(1,210)	32,918,668
Total capital assets, net	\$ 32,420,639	\$ 18,245,337	\$(16,024,186)	\$ 34,641,790

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 49,690
Public safety	172,032
Airport/Aviation center	177,325
Highways and streets	935,511
Health and welfare	812
Sanitation	25,023
Culture and recreation	35,676
Education	 315,843
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,711,912

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets of the business-type activities:

	Balance 07/01/17 Additions		Reductions	Balance 06/30/18
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 154,152			\$ 154,152
Construction in progress	43,123	\$ 95,079	\$ (43,123)	95,079
Total capital assets not being depreciated	197,275	95,079	(43,123)	249,231
Other capital assets:				
Infrastructure	39,227,974	73,363		39,301,337
Buildings and improvements	23,174,300	,		23,174,300
Vehicles and equipment	961,275	63,558	(74,794)	950,039
Total other capital assets at historical cost	63,363,549	136,921	(74,794)	63,425,676
Less accumulated depreciation for:	,		(1.3,1.1)	
Infrastructure	(9,027,479)	(908,942)		(9,936,421)
Buildings and improvements	(17,737,909)	(464,165)		(18,202,074)
Vehicles and equipment	(498,674)	(55,655)	74,794	(479,535)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,264,062)	(1,428,762)	74,794	(28,618,030)
Total other capital assets, net	36,099,487	(1,291,841)	S-13751	34,807,646
	\$ 36,296,762	\$ (1,196,762)	\$ (43,123)	\$ 35,056,877
Total capital assets, net	\$ 50,290,702	φ (1,190,702)	a (43,123)	\$ 33,030,677

Depreciation expense was charged to proprietary funds as follows:

Sewer Fund	\$ 1,428,762
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,428,762

NOTE 5—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the City's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/17		Additions Reductions			Balance 06/30/18		Due Withi One Year	
Governmental activities:				_		-			
Bonds payable	\$ 8,705,00	00		\$	(485,000)	\$ 8	8,220,000	\$	520,000
Unamortized bond premium	279,4	76		_	(57,577)		221,899		
Total Bonds payable	8,984,4	76 \$	•		(542,577)	:	8,441,899		520,000
Capital leases payable	72,70	59			(72,769)		===		
Compensated absences payable	1,550,9	1 7	156,360		(32,097)		1,675,210		104,546
Accrued longevity payout	28,7:	50 _	7,625				36,375		
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,636,94	12 \$	163,985	\$	(647,443)	\$ 10	0,153,484	\$	624,546

Payments on the general obligation bonds and capital leases payable of the governmental activities are paid out of the General Fund. Amortization of the governmental activities bond premium is recognized as a component of interest expense on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B). The compensated absences and accrued longevity payouts will be paid from the governmental fund where the employee's salary is paid.

	Balance <u>07/01/17</u>	Additio	ns .	Reductions	Balance 06/30/18	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:						
Bonds payable	\$ 15,353,660		\$	(629,912)	\$ 14,723,748	\$ 645,622
Unamortized bond premium	298,873			(39,918)	258,955	
Total Bonds payable	15,652,533	\$	=	(669,830)	14,982,703	645,622
Compensated absences payable	149,479	19	,574	(26,077)	142,976	
Total business-type activities	\$ 15,802,012	\$ 19	,574 \$	(695,907)	\$ 15,125,679	\$ 645,622

Payments on the general obligation bonds of the business-type activities are paid out of the Sewer Fund. Amortization of the business-type activities bond premium is recognized as a component of interest expense in the Sewer Fund on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds (Exhibit F). The compensated absences are solely attributable to, and will be paid from, the Sewer Fund.

		Balance						Balance	Dι	ie Within
		07/01/17	A	dditions	Rec	luctions		06/30/18	0	ne Year
Component unit:										
Notes payable	\$	9,667,021			\$ (1	,134,060)	\$	8,532,961	\$	518,313
State of New Hampshire revolving loans	_	1,322,131	\$	677,869			_	2,000,000		
Total component unit	\$	10,989,152	<u>\$</u>	677,869	\$ (1	,134,060)	<u>\$</u>	10,532,961	\$	518,313

Payments on the long-term obligation of the component unit are paid by the Berlin Water Works.

General Obligation Bonds

Governmental Activities:

Bonds payable at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Original	Interest	Maturity	1	Balance at
Description	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>Date</u>	Ju	ne 30, 2018
2013 Series C Bonds	\$ 3,971,500	4.1-5.6%	August 2025	\$	2,920,000
2016 Series Bonds	5,500,000	2.65%	July 2036		5,300,000
	\$ 9,471,500				8,220,000
		Add: Unamo	rtized bond premium		221,899
			Total Bonds Payable	\$	8,441,899

Debt service requirements to retire outstanding general obligation bonds for governmental activities at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending						
<u>June 30,</u>	1	Principal		Interest		Totals
2019	\$	520,000	\$	274,606	\$	794,606
2020		545,000		252,216		797,216
2021		565,000		229,066		794,066
2022		590,000		204,448		794,448
2023		615,000		178,626		793,626
2024-2028		2,545,000		544,600		3,089,600
2029-2033		1,495,000		279,244		1,774,244
2034-2037		1,345,000		72,411		1,417,411
Sub-total Bonds Payable		8,220,000		2,035,217		10,255,217
Add: Unamortized Bond Premium	_	221,899	-	-	-	221,899
Total Bonds Payable	\$	8,441,899	<u>\$</u>	2,035,217	<u>\$</u>	10,477,116

As included on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) as 'Interest and fiscal charges' expense, interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$229,385 on general obligation debt of the governmental activities.

Business-type Activities:

Bonds payable at June 30, 2018 is comprised of the following individual issues:

	Original	Interest	Maturity	Balance at
Description	<u>Issue</u>	Rate	<u>Date</u>	June 30, 2018
2014 Rural Utilities Bond #R-1	\$ 6,508,000	2.375%	September 2037	\$ 5,730,189
2014 Rural Utilities Bond #R-2	6,000,000	2.375%	September 2037	5,282,905
2016 State Revolving Loan	240,925	2.0%	December 2035	220,655
2016 Series C Refunding Bonds	3,670,000	2.0-4.0%	August 2032	3,490,000
_	\$ 16,418,925			14,723,749
		Add: Unamo	ortized bond premium	258,954
			Total Bonds Payable	\$ 14,982,703

Debt service requirements to retire outstanding general obligation bonds for business-type activities at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
\$ 645,622	\$ 369,373	\$ 1,014,995
666,586	350,808	1,017,394
687,812	331,582	1,019,394
704,305	311,789	1,016,094
726,072	291,422	1,017,494
3,956,910	1,130,612	5,087,522
4,291,082	620,461	4,911,543
3,045,360	182,465	3,227,825
14,723,749	3,588,512	18,312,261
258,954		258,954
\$ 14,982,703	\$ 3,588,512	\$ 18,571,215
	\$ 645,622 666,586 687,812 704,305 726,072 3,956,910 4,291,082 3,045,360 14,723,749 258,954	\$ 645,622 \$ 369,373 666,586 350,808 687,812 331,582 704,305 311,789 726,072 291,422 3,956,910 1,130,612 4,291,082 620,461 3,045,360 182,465 14,723,749 3,588,512 258,954

The State of New Hampshire annually reimburses the City for its share of sewer related debt service payments. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the sewer related debt reimbursement was \$334,929.

As included on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds (Exhibit F), interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$351,853 on general obligation debt of the business-type activities.

Component Unit:

Under state law, the City is required to issue certain general obligation debt for the Berlin Water Works (a component unit of the City). Accordingly, this general obligation debt is recognized as a liability of the Berlin Water Works and is not recorded as a long-term obligation of the City.

Notes payable for the Berlin Water Works at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Interest	Maturity	F	Balance at
Description	Rate	<u>Date</u>	Ju	ne 30, 2018
State Revolving Loan	0.00%	December 2018	\$	140,708
State Revolving Loan	0.00%	May 2021		443,340
State Revolving Loan	0.00%	September 2024		683,316
State Revolving Loan	1.10%	October 2031		1,180,080
Rural Utilities Service - Water Facility	2.25%	October 2031		870,796
State Revolving Loan	2.46%	December 2035		2,820,267
State Revolving Loan	2.46%	December 2035		897,631
State Revolving Loan	1.96%	December 2036		1,496,823
-			\$	8,532,961

Debt service requirements to retire outstanding general obligation debt for the component unit at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending			
<u>June 30.</u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2019	\$ 518,313	\$ 190,218	\$ 708,531
2020	430,376	177,944	608,320
2021	442,348	166,850	609,198
2022	335,509	155,495	491,004
2023	346,682	145,152	491,834
2024-2028	1,657,433	567,215	2,224,648
2029-2033	1,663,256	312,294	1,975,550
2034-2038	1,053,488	83,381	1,136,869
2039-2042	179,200	10,191	189,391
Add: Princial Forgiveness	1,906,356		1,906,356
	\$ 8,532,961	\$ 1,808,740	\$ 10,341,701

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$328,513 for the Berlin Water Works.

State of New Hampshire Revolving Loans

The Berlin Water Works has drawn \$2,000,000 in funds under the State of New Hampshire Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund Program for various waterline projects. Payments on the State of New Hampshire revolving loan balance are not scheduled to commence until the first anniversary of the scheduled completion date of the project or the date of substantial completion, whichever is earliest. Interest is accrued at 1% during the construction period of the project and is to be paid upon completion of the project within the following year.

NOTE 6—OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Total OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and OPEB Expense

	Deferred Outflows	OPEB Liability	Deferred Inflows	OPEB Expense
Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan	\$ 246,871	\$ 2,590,292	\$ 36,056	\$ 126,812
Single Employer Plan	s	4,525,937	88,462	365,492
Total	\$ 246,871	\$ 7,116,229	\$ 124,518	\$ 492,304

The net amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB is reflected as an increase to unrestricted net position in the amount of \$122,353.

COST-SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Plan Description

The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members.

The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System at 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301 or from their website at www.nhrs.org.

The OPEB Plan is divided into four membership types. Political subdivision employees, teachers and State employees belong to Group I. Police officers and firefighters belong to Group II. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Benefits Provided

Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount will be paid. If the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age and creditable service. Medical subsidy rates established by RSA 100-A:52 II are dependent upon whether retirees are eligible for Medicare. Retirees not eligible for Medicare may receive a maximum medical subsidy of \$375.56 for a single person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan. Retirees eligible for Medicare may receive a maximum medical subsidy of \$236.84 for a single person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Funding Policy

Per RSA-100:16, contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The City's contribution rates for the covered payroll of public safety employees, political subdivision employees and teachers were 4.10%, 0.30% and 1.66%, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2018. Contributions to the OPEB plan for the City were \$246,931 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$2,590,292 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation from June 30, 2016. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions by the City during the relevant fiscal year relative to the actual contributions of all participating plan members, excluding contributions to separately finance specific liabilities of individual employers or NHRS. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was approximately 0.5665 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0192 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$126,812. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	In	eferred flows of esources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		\$	8,173
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions			27,883
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 246,871	<u> </u>	
Totals	\$ 246,871	\$	36,056

The City reported \$246,871 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the measurement period ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense for the measurement periods as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	
2018	\$ (29,927)
2019	(2,044)
2020	(2,044)
2021	 (2,041)
	\$ (36,056)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	5.6 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 healthy annuitant and employee generational mortality tables for males and females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of weighted average long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	25%	(0.25)-2.11%
Domestic equity	30%	4.25-4.50%
International equity	20%	4.50-6.25%
Real estate	10%	3.25%
Private equity	5%	6.25%
Private debt	5%	4.75%
Opportunistic	5%	2.84%
Total	100%	ž.

The discount rate used to measure the collective total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the single discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,819,008	\$ 2,590,292	\$ 2,392,127

SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Plan Description

The City administers the retiree health care benefits program, a single employer defined benefits plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all permanent full-time employees. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The City provides medical and life insurance benefits to its eligible retirees and their covered spouses. Most regular active employees who retire directly from the City and meet the eligibility criteria may participate. The amount the City pays for medical and life insurance premiums for retirees and their spouses varies by employee group. All eligible employees and their spouses are allowed to continue medical coverage under the City plan for the lifetime by paying the required medical premium rates. The following groups of retirees qualify for these benefits. School employees hired before July 1, 2011 are eligible for benefits after (1) attaining age 60 or (2) attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of service or (3) age plus service is at least 70 with 20 or more years of service. School employees hired on or after July 1, 2011 are eligible for benefits after (1) attaining age 65 or (2) attaining age 60 with 30 or more years of service. Employees who are members of OPEIU/Local 345 or the Teamsters and Non-Union Supervisory Employees/Local 633 are eligible at age 62 with 10 years of service. Employees who are members of Local 1444 are eligible at age 62. Police and Fire employees are eligible for benefits after 20 years of service. Retired employees contribute 100% of the total premium cost, except for the following groups: for members of OPEIU/Local 345 and the Teamsters and Non-Union Supervisory Employees/Local 633 the City pays the full cost of single coverage from age 62 to 65 and for members of Local 1444 the City pays 80% of coverage from age 62 to 65. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by RSA 100-A:50.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	184
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	
Active employees	261
	445

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$4,525,937 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs for OPEB

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2016 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.6 percent
Chained CPI	2.35 percent
Discount rate	3.58 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	8% for 2016, decreasing 1% per year to an ultimate rate of 5% for 2019 and later years.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index published on June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates for active employees were based on the RP-2014 Employees Mortality Tables for males and females, projected with generational mortality improvement using scale MP-2014. Mortality rates for retirees were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for males and females, projected with generational mortality improvement using scale MP-2014. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 4,460,849
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	218,384
Interest	163,723
Changes of benefit terms	
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(105,076)
Benefit payments	(211,943)
Net changes	65,088
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 4,525,937

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate of 3.58% at June 30, 2017 to 3.87% at June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

NOTE 7—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a public employee retirement system that administers a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature.

The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301 or from their website at www.nhrs.org.

Substantially all full-time state and local employees, public school teachers, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan.

The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members.

Benefits Provided

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC), multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Group II members vested by January 1, 2012, who are age 60, or members who are at least age 45 with at least 20 years of creditable service, can receive a retirement allowance at a rate of 2.5% of AFC for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 40 years. Members commencing service on or after July 1, 2011 or members who have not attained status as of January 1, 2012 can receive a retirement allowance at age 52.5 with 25 years of service or age 60. The benefit shall be equal to 2% of AFC times creditable service up to 42.5 years. However, a member who commenced service on or after July 1, 2011 shall not receive a retirement allowance until attaining the age of 52.5, but may receive a reduced allowance after age 50 if the member has at least 25 years of creditable service where the allowance shall be reduced, for each month by which the benefit commencement date precedes the month after which the member attains 52.5 years of age by 1/4 of 1%. For Group II members who commenced service prior to July 1, 2011, who have not attained vested status prior to January 1, 2012, benefits are calculated depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of		Minimum	Benefit
January 1, 2012	Minimum Age	<u>Service</u>	Multiplier
At least 3 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Funding Policy

Covered police officers and fire employees are required to contribute 11.55% and 11.80%, respectively of their covered salary, whereas teachers and general employees are required to contribute 7.0% of their covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The City's contribution rates for the covered payroll of police officers, fire employees, teachers, and general employees were 25.33%, 27.79%, 15.70%, and 11.08%, respectively. The City contributes 100% of the employer cost for police officers, fire employees, teachers, and general employees of the City.

Per RSA-100:16, plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The City's contributions to the NHRS for the year ending June 30, 2018 were \$2,404,399.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$28,318,165 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation from June 30, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual contributions by the City during the relevant fiscal year relative to the actual contributions of all participating plan members, excluding contributions to separately finance specific liabilities of individual employers or NHRS. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was approximately 0.5758 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0155 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,964,618. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 64,209	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 360,408
Change in assumptions	2,843,518	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		360,646
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	490,346	877,672
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date Totals	2,404,399 \$ 5,802,472	\$ 1,598,726

The net amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension is reflected as an increase to unrestricted net position in the amount of \$4,203,746. The City reported \$2,404,399 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement period ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense for the measurement periods as follows:

Year ended	
June 30.	
2018	\$ 481,996
2019	1,121,960
2020	790,626
2021	(595,235)
	\$ 1,799,347

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	5.6 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study.

Retirement rates were based on a table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated in 2015 pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of weighted average long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	25%	(0.25)-2.11%
Domestic equity	30%	4.25-4.50%
International equity	20%	4.50-6.25%
Real estate	10%	3.25%
Private equity	5%	6.25%
Private debt	5%	4.75%
Opportunistic	5%	2.84%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the single discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 37,307,761	\$ 28,318,165	\$ 20,951,547

NOTE 8—LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations required that the City place final covers on its two landfills when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for thirty years after closure. The East Milan landfill was capped during fiscal year 1997, and the Cates Hill landfill was capped during fiscal year 2005. Estimated liabilities have been recorded based on the future post-closure care costs that will be incurred for the two landfills. The total estimated liability for landfill post-closure care costs for the two landfills has a combined balance of \$376,800 as of June 30, 2018. The estimated liability for the post-closure care costs of the East Milan landfill (\$126,900) and the Cates Hill landfill (\$249,900) have been reported as a liability of the Governmental Activities and the Cates Hill Landfill Proprietary Fund, respectively. The estimated total current cost of the landfill post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor and

maintain the landfills were acquired as of June 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The closure costs of the East Milan landfill were financed through the issuance of debt under the State of New Hampshire Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program. The remaining post-closure care costs for the East Milan landfill are expected to be financed through annual taxation. For the Cates Hill landfill, the City entered into an inter-municipal agreement with surrounding communities for the reimbursement of their share of the closure and post-closure care costs. The remaining post-closure care costs for the Cates Hill landfill are expected to be financed from the motor vehicle surcharges previously collected in the Cates Hill Landfill Fund.

The following is a summary of changes in the estimated liability for post-closure care costs for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Governmental activities		Business-type activities			
					Totals	
Balance - July 1, 2017	\$	99,000	\$	205,200	\$	304,200
Reductions (actual current year payments)		(8,847)		(9,861)		(18,708)
Change in estimated liability		36,747		54,561	-	91,308
Balance - June 30, 2018	\$	126,900	\$	249,900	\$	376,800

NOTE 9—INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The City has combined the cash resources of its governmental and proprietary fund types. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance. Interfund balances at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Due	from		
	Nonmajor			
General	Governmental	Fiduciary		
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Totals</u>
	\$ 1,049,893	\$ 1,000	\$	1,050,893
\$ 540,786				540,786
5,437,188				5,437,188
999,756				999,756
\$ 6,977,730	\$ 1,049,893	\$ 1,000	\$	8,028,623
	General Fund \$ 540,786 5,437,188 999,756	Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds 1,049,893 540,786 5,437,188 999,756	Nonmajor General Governmental Fiduciary Funds Funds Funds S 1,049,893 S 1,000 S 540,786 5,437,188 999,756 S S S S S S S S S	Nonmajor General Governmental Fiduciary Fund Funds Funds \$ 1,049,893 \$ 1,000 \$ \$ 540,786 5,437,188 999,756

Interfund Transfers

During the year, the Permanent Funds, a Nonmajor Governmental Fund, transferred \$6,663 to the General Fund. The transfer was made in accordance with budgetary authorization.

NOTE 10—RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Net position of the governmental activities is restricted for specific purposes as follows at June 30, 2018:

Permanent Funds - Principal	\$	155,553
Permanent Funds - Income		217,657
School Private Grants and Contributions		1,710
Food Service Operations		17,967
Police Forfeiture Funds	-	10,523
	\$	403,410

NOTE 11—COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

The components of the City's fund balance for its governmental funds at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

			N	onmajor		Total
	(General	Gov	vernmental	Go	vernmental
Fund Balances		Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenses	\$	13,983	\$	33,538	\$	47,521
Tax deeded property		410,179				410,179
Inventory				7,030		7,030
Permanent funds - Principal				155,553		155,553
Restricted for:						
Capital projects				116,959		116,959
Permanent funds - Income				217,657		217,657
School private grants and contributions				1,710		1,710
Food service operations				17,967		17,967
Police forfeiture funds				10,523		10,523
Committed for:						
Recreation and parks programs				14,816		14,816
Assigned for:						
Continuing appropriations		593,127				593,127
Encumbrances		71,952				71,952
Unassigned (Deficit):						
Unassigned - General operations		1,717,591				1,717,591
Airport Authority Fund (Deficit)	_		_	(305,799)		(305,799)
-	\$ 2	2,806,832	\$	269,954	\$	3,076,786

NOTE 12—PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes are levied on the assessed valuation of all taxable real property as of the prior April 1 (\$400,192,668 as of April 1, 2017) and are due in two installments on July 6, 2017 and December 6, 2017. Taxes paid after the due dates accrue interest at 12% per annum. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, property taxes are recognized as revenue when received in cash or if available to finance current period operations (within sixty days of year-end).

Under State law, the Tax Collector obtains tax liens on properties which have unpaid taxes in the following calendar year after taxes were due for the amount of unpaid taxes, interest and costs. These priority tax liens accrue interest at 18% per annum. If the property is not redeemed within a two year redemption period, the property may be tax deeded to the City.

In accordance with State law, the City collects taxes for Coos County, an independent governmental unit, which are remitted to the County as required by law. Total taxes appropriated to Coos County for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$1,556,553. The City bears responsibility for uncollected taxes.

NOTE 13—SIGNIFICANT CONCENTRATION OF PROPERTY TAXES REVENUE

The following are the five major property owners as they relate to the City's total assessed property valuation of \$400,192,668 (as of April 1, 2017):

		Percentage
	Property	of Total
Taxpayer	Valuation	Valuation
Eversource (formerly PSNH)	\$100,545,800	25.12%
Great Lakes Hydro America, LLC	27,999,700	7.00%
Portland Natural Gas	19,533,900	4.88%
TKB Properties, LLC	1,922,800	0.48%
DWP Berlin Realty LLC	1,871,300	0.47%

NOTE 14—RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City was a member of and participated in public entity risk pools (Trusts) for property and liability insurance and worker's compensation coverage. Coverage has not been significantly reduced from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Trust agreements permit the Trusts to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trusts foresee no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at June 30, 2018.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Trust provides certain property and liability insurance coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the Trust, the City shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program. The program includes a Self-Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$200,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000, up to an aggregate of \$1,200,000. Each property loss is subject to a \$1,000 deductible. All losses over the aggregate are covered by insurance policies.

Worker's Compensation

The Trust provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is self-sustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 15—COMMITMENTS

Ambulance Services Contract

During April 2016, the City entered into a long-term agreement with an independent company to provide emergency ambulance services. Terms of the agreement will be in effect for one 3-year term beginning July 1, 2016 and ending June 30, 2019. The terms of the contract include minimum monthly payments of \$27,417 at the beginning of the agreement. These monthly payments may be adjusted based on future Medicare or Medicaid reimbursement rates. At the beginning of July of each subsequent contract year, \$500 shall be added to the base monthly subsidy then in effect. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City expended \$335,000 under the terms of the emergency ambulance service agreement.

Guaranteed Debt - Component Unit

Certain debt issued by Berlin Water Works (a component unit of the City) may be backed by the full faith and credit of the City. In the event of a default on payments of any such debt by the Berlin Water Works, the City would be responsible for making the payments.

NOTE 16—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

There may be various claims and suits pending against the City, which arise in the normal course of the City's activities. In the opinion of City management, any potential claims against the City which are not covered by insurance are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the City.

Federal Grants

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 17—RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Government-Wide Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The impact on net position of the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities as of July 1, 2017 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Net Position, July 1, 2017 (as previously reported)	\$ 5,072,114	\$ 27,987,495
Amount of restatement due to:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	328,210	7,563
OPEB Liability	(5,957,293)	(280,782)
Net Position, July 1, 2017 - as restated	\$ (556,969)	\$ 27,714,276

Proprietary Funds

The impact of the above restatement on net position of the Sewer Fund as of July 1, 2017 is as follows:

	Sewer Fund
Net Position, July 1, 2017 (as previously reported)	\$ 27,027,123
Amount of restatement due to:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	7,563
OPEB Liability	(280,782)
Net Position, July 1, 2017 - as restated	\$ 26,753,904

NOTE 18—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During December 2018, the City issued a tax anticipation note in the amount of \$1,500,000, for the purpose of assisting in the payment of operating expenditures. The borrowing is guaranteed to be repaid from property tax revenue received from the taxpayers within the City. The note matures on March 1, 2019 and accrues interest at an annual rate of 2.25%.

SCHEDULE 1 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Favorable	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1111041110	(Cinavolable)	
Taxes	\$ 16,755,184	\$ 16,755,184	\$ 16,769,508	\$ 14,324	
Licenses and permits	1,352,300	1,352,300	1,469,283	116,983	
Intergovernmental	10,808,948	11,012,727	11,191,013	178,286	
Charges for services	1,996,982	1,996,982	1,931,685	(65,297)	
Interest income	20,000	20,000	23,035	3,035	
Miscellaneous	222,250	222,250	190,221	(32,029)	
Total Revenues	31,155,664	31,359,443	31,574,745	215,302	
Expenditures:					
Current operations:					
General government	1,828,516	1,828,516	1,641,275	187,241	
Public safety	6,021,155	6,047,822	5,676,382	371,440	
Highways and streets	1,948,836	1,948,836	2,132,097	(183,261)	
Health and welfare	154,374	154,374	131,640	22,734	
Sanitation	829,875	829,875	847,310	(17,435)	
Culture and recreation	624,349	624,349	608,804	15,545	
Economic development	ŕ	ŕ	57	(57)	
Education	18,122,123	18,122,123	17,632,182	489,941	
Capital outlay	661,476	591,111	580,822	10,289	
Debt service:	ŕ	ŕ	•	ŕ	
Principal retirement	495,000	495,000	485,000	10,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	296,618	296,618	296,706	(88)	
Intergovernmental	1,556,553	1,556,553	1,556,553	-	
Total Expenditures	32,538,875	32,495,177	31,588,828	906,349	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,383,211)	(1,135,734)	(14,083)	1,121,651	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers in	8,731	8,731	6,663	(2,068)	
Total Other Financing Sources	8,731	8,731	6,663	(2,068)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,374,480)	(1,127,003)	(7,420)	1,119,583	
Fund balance at beginning of year - Budgetary Basis	3,418,714	3,418,714	3,418,714		
Fund balance at end of year - Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,044,234	\$ 2,291,711	\$ 3,411,294	\$ 1,119,583	

SCHEDULE 2 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Information Only							
	9)		City's			City's Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Pr	oportionate			Share of the Net	Net Position
	Proportion of	S	hare of the		City's	OPEB Liability	as a Percentage
Measurement	the Net OPEB	1	Net OPEB		Covered	as a Percentage of	of the Total
Period Ended	Liability		Liability		<u>Payroll</u>	Covered Payroll	OPEB Liability
June 30, 2017	0.5665%	\$	2,590,292	\$	14,814,604	17.48%	7.91%
June 30, 2016	0.5857%	\$	2,835,309	\$	14,905,786	19.02%	5.21%

SCHEDULE 3 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of City OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Information Only									
			Con	tributions in					
		Relation to the							Contributions
	Co	ntractually	Co	ontractually	Cont	ribution		City's	as a Percentage
	F	Required		Required Deficiency				Covered	of Covered
Year Ended	Co	ntribution	Contribution		<u>(E</u>	xcess)		<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2018	\$	246,931	\$	(246,931)	\$	•	\$	14,901,826	1.66%
June 30, 2017	\$	335,773	\$	(335,773)	\$	-	\$	14,814,604	2.27%
June 30, 2016	\$	340,316	\$	(340,316)	\$	I R	\$	14,905,786	2,28%

SCHEDULE 4 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Single Employer Plan Information Only	_
Total OPEB Liability:	2018
Service cost	\$ 218,384
Interest	163,723
Changes of benefit terms	105
Differences between expected and actual experience	12
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(105,076)
Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	(211,943) 65,088
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	4,460,849 \$ 4,525,937
Covered employee payroll	\$ 14,581,811
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	31.04%

SCHEDULE 5
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Schedule of Changes in the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Measurement Period Ended	City's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
June 30, 2017	0.5758%	\$ 28,318,165	\$ 14,814,604	191.15%	62.66%
June 30, 2016	0.5913%	\$ 31,444,314	\$ 14,905,786	210.95%	58.30%
June 30, 2015	0.5864%	\$ 23,228,768	\$ 14,750,588	157.48%	65.47%
June 30, 2014	0.5959%	\$ 22,367,371	\$ 14,461,687	154.67%	66.32%
June 30, 2013	0.5788%	\$ 24,911,429	\$ 13,904,404	179.16%	59.81%

SCHEDULE 6 CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of City Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ended	Contractually Required Contribution	R	ntributions in elation to the contractually Required Contribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	City's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2018	\$ 2,404,399	\$	(2,404,399)	\$	S#EC	\$ 14,901,826	16.13%
June 30, 2017	\$ 2,105,772	\$	(2,105,772)	\$		\$ 14,814,604	14.21%
June 30, 2016	\$ 2,115,681	\$	(2,115,681)	\$	2€3	\$ 14,905,786	14.19%
June 30, 2015	\$ 1,967,282	\$	(1,967,282)	\$	2	\$ 14,750,588	13.34%
June 30, 2014	\$ 1,933,217	\$	(1,933,217)	\$:	\$ 14,461,687	13.37%
June 30, 2013	\$ 1,439,273	\$	(1,439,273)	\$) = (\$ 13,904,404	10.35%

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1—BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund (Schedule 1) are reported on the basis budgeted by the City. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). Property tax budgetary revenues are recognized when levied rather than when susceptible to accrual. Budgetary expenditures were adjusted for encumbrances.

	Revenues	Expenditures
	and Other	and Other
	Financing	Financing
	Sources	Uses
Per Exhibit D	\$ 31,531,538	\$ 31,637,191
Difference in property taxes meeting		
susceptible to accrual criteria	49,870	
Encumbrances - June 30, 2018		71,952
Encumbrances - June 30, 2017		(120,315)
Per Schedule 1	\$ 31,581,408	\$ 31,588,828

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE

The components of the budgetary fund balance for the General Fund at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Nonspendable:	
Prepaid expenses	\$ 13,983
Tax deeded property	410,179
Assigned for:	
Continuing appropriations	593,127
Unassigned:	
Unassigned - General operations	2,394,005
	\$ 3,411,294

NOTE 3—SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement #75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the City is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of City OPEB contributions. The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as additional information becomes available.

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4—SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

In accordance with GASB Statement #75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the City is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios. The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as additional information becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Change in Actuarial Assumptions

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, a discount rate of 3.58% was used as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate was increased to 3.87% in the rollforward to the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

NOTE 5—SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement #68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the City is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of City contributions. The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #68 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as the information becomes available.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

For the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the New Hampshire Retirement System reduced its assumption for the investment rate of return from 7.75% to 7.25%, decreased the price inflation from 3.0% to 2.5%, decreased the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25%, and decreased the salary increases from 5.8% to 5.6%. Additionally, the mortality table was changed from the RP-2000 projected to 2020 with Scale AA to the RP-2014 employee generational mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

SCHEDULE I CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program/State Grant Number DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Department of Education	Federal Catalogue <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster:			2)
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ -	\$ 77,471
National School Lunch Program - School Lunch (Cash) - Commodities (Non-cash)	10.555		284,226 44,421 328,647
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			406,118
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		24,854
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582) =	24,655
Total Department of Agriculture		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	455,627
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Community Development Finance Authority Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14,228		
#015-053-CDED #015-053-CDHS #016-053-FSPS-02 #017-053-FSPF-04 #017-053-FSPS-02	11120	443,782	7,000 460,398 399 3,781 70 471,648
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development		443,782	471,648
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Received directly from U.S. Treasury Department Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		6,800
Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire Department of Justice Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant #2017-DTF-301	16.738		60,000
Total Department of Justice			66,800

SCHEDULE I CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program/State Grant Number DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire	Federal Catalogue <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Transportation			
Airport Improvement Program	20,106		
#SBG-01-05-2016			163,789
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		
#41367		•	3,334
Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire			
Highway Safety Agency			
Highway Safety Cluster:	74		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		4.000
#314-17B-004		:## O	4,283
#314-18B-006		3 28	148
#315-17B-038		350	8,835 4,857
#315-18B-057			18,123
39			10,123
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601		
#308-17B-042		% €1	5,179
#308-18B-048		-	2,748
			7,927
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		
#308-17B-027		7	3,183
#308-18B-026			1,558
#308-18B-047		<u> </u>	4,377
		-	9,118
Total Highway Safety Cluster		S	35,168
Total Department of Transportation			202,291
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire			
Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		
#70217			1,200
#80012		<u>-</u>	744,219
#80174		X =	2,250
#80175			55,287
		S 💌	802,956

SCHEDULE I CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program/State Grant Number	Federal Catalogue <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	94.027		
Special Education - Grants to States #72509	84.027	-	57,745
#82588		:=0:	322,270
			380,015
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173		
#72509		•	9,377
#82588			10,888
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,265
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		-	400,280
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048		642
#75011 "/22000		/資化	643 58,834
#85209		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	59,477
			33,177
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287		
#86282			183,908
	04.250		
Rural Education #76470	84.358	2	18,293
#86470		(E)	763
700470		10	19,056
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367		
#64798		3(= 6	32,969
#74798		? ₩	20,096 19,200
#78894 #84798		-	15,008
#04/98			87,273
		-	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424		
#89101		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14,677
			1,567,627
Total Department of Education			1,507,027
NORTHERN BORDER REGIONAL COMMISSION			
Received directly from U.S. Treasury Department			
Norther Border Regional Development	90.601		1.050
#NBRC16GNH10			1,950
Total Northern Border Regional Commission		_	1,950
I of at 1401 flict if Dol act Vestonal Commission		-	

SCHEDULE I CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/Grant Program/State Grant Number	Federal Catalogue <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire			
Department of Education			
Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children			
with Serious Emotional Disturbances (SED)	93.104		
#72670		=	112,259
#82618			35,048
		1	147,307
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of	02 242		
Regional and National Significance #72513	93.243		155,857
#72515 #82589			425,232
#62367		-	581,089
) } 	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			728,396
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Pass Through Payments from the New Hampshire			
Department of Safety			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		33,020
Received directly from U.S. Treasury Department	07.002		
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	27	171,629
#EMW-2014-FH-00868			
Total Department of Homeland Security		-	204,649
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 443,782	\$ 3,698,988

CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1—BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting for federal programs accounted for in the governmental funds, and on the accrual basis of accounting for federal programs accounted for in the proprietary funds, which are described in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3—INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Berlin, New Hampshire has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4—RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The recognition of expenditures of federal awards has been reported in the City's basic financial statements as intergovernmental revenues in the governmental funds as follows:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

\$ 3,654,567

VACHON CLUKAY & COMPANY P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Manager City of Berlin, New Hampshire

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of Berlin Water Works, a discretely presented component unit of the City, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Berlin Water Works.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clutary & Company

Manchester, New Hampshire

January 23, 2019

VACHON CLUKAY & COMPANY PC

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REOUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Manager City of Berlin, New Hampshire

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City of Berlin, New Hampshire's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The City of Berlin, New Hampshire's basic financial statements include the operations of the Berlin Water Works, a discretely presented component unit of the City, which received federal awards of \$545,348 which are not included in the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2018. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Berlin Water Works which is a separate legal entity and has separately issued audited financial statements.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those tandards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Berlin, New Hampshire complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berlin, New Hampshire's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Vachon Clukay & Company &

January 23, 2019

City of Berlin, New Hampshire Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial rep Material weakness(es) ide Significant deficiency(ies Noncompliance material to finance	entified?) identified	Unmodified – dyesyesyes	
Federal Awards			
Internal Control over major progr Material weakness(es) ide Significant deficiency(ies	entified?	yes yes	X_no X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued or for major programs:	n compliance	<u>Unmod</u>	ified
Any audit findings disclosed that to be reported in accordance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	-	yes _	X_no
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Fe	ederal Program o	r Cluster
10.553 & 10.555	Chi	ld Nutrition Cluste	er
14.228	Community Development I	Block Grants/State	's Program
Dollar threshold used to distingui	sh between Type A and Typ	e B program: § 7	750,000 .
Auditee qualified as low-risk aud	itee?	Xyes	no

Section II—Financial Statement Findings
There were no findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported by GAGAS.

Section III—Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings and questioned costs required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516(a).

SCHEDULE A
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds
June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,215		\$ 1,215
Investments		378,658		378,658
Accounts receivable	\$ 37,021	370,030	\$ 6,946	43,967
Due from other governments	885,977		Ų 0,5 .0	885,977
Due from other funds	82,282		458,504	540,786
Prepaid expenses	33,538		,	33,538
Inventory	7,030			7,030
Total Assets	1,045,848	379,873	465,450	1,891,171
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	<u> </u>		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,045,848	\$ 379,873	\$ 465,450	\$ 1,891,171
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 11,439		\$ 32,853	\$ 44,292
Accrued expenses	12,764			12,764
Retainage payable	3		315,638	315,638
Advances from grantors	191,027			191,027
Unearned revenue	7,603			7,603
Due to other funds	1,043,230	\$ 6,663		1,049,893
Total Liabilities		6,663	348,491	1,621,217
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-		: 	·
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	***		
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	40,568	155,553		196,121
Restricted	30,200	217,657	116,959	364,816
Committed	14,816			14,816
Unassigned (Deficit)	(305,799)	252 210	116.050	(305,799)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	(220,215)	373,210	116,959	269,954
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,045,848	\$ 379,873	\$ 465,450	\$ 1,891,171
and I and Dalanees	Ψ 1,0 10,0 10	\$ 077,070	,	,,

SCHEDULE A-1
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Federal Projects <u>Fund</u>	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Airport Authority <u>Fund</u>	Health Department Fund	Grants <u>Fund</u>	CDBG <u>Fund</u>	Recreation and Parks Programs <u>Fund</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
ASSETS Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Inventory Total Assets	\$ 17,500 763,895 	\$ 15,826 17,690 	\$ 3,695 30,769 33,538 68,002	\$ -	\$ 73,623 67,346	<u>\$</u>	\$ 14,936 	\$ 37,021 885,977 82,282 33,538 7,030 1,045,848
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u> \$ 781,395	\$ 40,546	\$ 68,002	<u>-</u> \$ -	\$ 140,969	\$ -	\$ 14,936	\$ 1,045,848
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Advances from grantors Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 4,257 70,544 $\frac{704,884}{779,685}$	\$ 2,236 7,603 5,710 15,549	\$ 6,831 796 332,636 340,263	\$ -	\$ 4,488 5,475 120,483	<u> </u>	\$ 120 	\$ 11,439 12,764 191,027 7,603 1,043,230 1,266,063
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				-	2 <u>5</u>			
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	1,710	7,030 17,967 —	33,538 (305,799) (272,261)		10,523	7 01	14,816	40,568 30,200 14,816 (305,799) (220,215)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 781,395	\$ 40,546	\$ 68,002	\$	\$ 140,969	\$ -	\$ 14,936	\$ 1,045,848

SCHEDULE B
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,825,213			\$ 3,825,213
Charges for services	389,842			389,842
Interest income		\$ 4,811		4,811
Miscellaneous	160,505	1,350		161,855
Total Revenues	4,375,560	6,161	\$ -	4,381,721
Expenditures:				
Current operations:				
General government	464,178			464,178
Public safety	354,133			354,133
Airport/Aviation center	147,541			147,541
Highways and streets	469		390,211	390,680
Health and welfare	2,219			2,219
Culture and recreation	47,797			47,797
Economic development	16,577			16,577
Education	2,547,048			2,547,048
Food service	607,786			607,786
Capital outlay	171,950		3,269,946	3,441,896
Total Expenditures	4,359,698		3,660,157	8,019,855
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	15,862	6,161	(3,660,157)	(3,638,134)
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers out		(6,663)		(6,663)
Total Other Financing Uses		(6,663)		(6,663)
Net change in fund balances	15,862	(502)	(3,660,157)	(3,644,797)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(236,077)	373,712	3,777,116	3,914,751
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (220,215)	\$ 373,210	\$ 116,959	\$ 269,954

SCHEDULE B-1
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Federal Projects <u>Fund</u>	Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Airport Authority <u>Fund</u>	Health Department Fund	Grants <u>Fund</u>	CDBG <u>Fund</u>	Recreation and Parks Programs <u>Fund</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 2,427,516	\$ 420,253 191,234 611,487	\$ 171,950 130,162 36,162 338,274	\$	\$ 805,494 27,000 39,811 872,305	\$ -	\$ 41,446 41,446	\$ 3,825,213 389,842 160,505 4,375,560
Expenditures: Current operations: General government Public safety Airport/Aviation center Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Education	2,512,048		147,541	2,219	464,178 354,133 469 4,811 12,332 35,000	4,245	42,986	464,178 354,133 147,541 469 2,219 47,797 16,577 2,547,048
Food service Capital outlay Total Expenditures	2,512,048	607,786	171,950 319,491	2,219	870,923	4,245	42,986	607,786 171,950 4,359,698
Net change in fund balances	=	3,701	18,783	(2,219)	1,382	(4,245)	(1,540)	15,862
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	1,710	21,296	(291,044)	2,219	9,141	4,245	16,356	(236,077)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 1,710	\$ 24,997	<u>\$ (272,261)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 10,523	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 14,816	\$ (220,215)

SCHEDULE C CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Statement of Net Position All Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Industrial Development and Park Authority <u>Fund</u>	Cates Hill Landfill <u>Fund</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Due from other governments		\$ 82,888	\$ 82,888
Due from other funds	\$ 701,851	297,905	999,756
Total Current Assets	701,851	380,793	1,082,644
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable capital assets	96,203	-	96,203
Total Noncurrent Assets	96,203		96,203
Total Assets	798,054	380,793	1,178,847
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	*	\.	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	777		777
Refundable deposits	20,000		20,000
Current portion of estimated liability for			
landfill postclosure care costs		14,700	14,700
Total Current Liabilities	20,777	14,700	35,477
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs		235,200	235,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		235,200	235,200
Total Liabilities	20,777	249,900	270,677
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	96,203		96,203
Unrestricted	681,074	130,893	811,967
Total Net Position	\$ 777,277	\$ 130,893	\$ 908,170

SCHEDULE D
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
All Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Operating revenues:	Industrial Development and Park Authority <u>Fund</u>	Cates Hill Landfill <u>Fund</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
Total Operating Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating expenses:			
Repairs and maintenance	15,159	35,049	50,208
Administrative	8,193		8,193
Total Operating Expenses	23,352	35,049	58,401
Operating loss	(23,352)	(35,049)	(58,401)
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest income	6,199	-	6,199
Non-operating revenues	6,199		6,199
Change in net position	(17,153)	(35,049)	(52,202)
Net Position at beginning of year	794,430	165,942	960,372
Net Position at end of year	<u>\$ 777,277</u>	\$ 130,893	\$ 908,170

SCHEDULE E
CITY OF BERLIN, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
All Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cook Court from counting activities	Industrial Development and Park Authority <u>Fund</u>	Cates Hill Landfill <u>Fund</u>	Combining <u>Totals</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$ (24,825)	\$ (9,861)	\$ (34,686)
Cash paid to suppliers	Φ (24,623)	2,533	2,533
Other operating cash receipts Net cash used by operating activities	(24,825)	(7,328)	(32,153)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	6,199		6,199
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,199		6,199
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(18,626)	(7,328)	(25,954)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	720,477	305,233	_1,025,710
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 701,851	\$ 297,905	\$ 999,756
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (23,352)	\$ (35,049)	\$ (58,401)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Due from other governments		(16,979)	(16,979)
Accounts payable	(1,473)		(1,473)
Estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs	7	44,700	44,700
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (24,825)	\$ (7,328)	\$ (32,153)

CITY OFFICES	TEL.NUMBER	CONTACT
AIRPORT		Marcel Leveille, Airport Manager
800 E. Side River Rd, Milan, NH 03588	603-449-2168	mleveille@berlinnh.gov
ASSESSOR'S		Bryan Chevarie, Assessor
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-5245	Supervisor
		bchevarie@berlinnh.gov
CITY CLERK		Shelli Fortin, City Clerk
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-2340	sfortin@berlinnh.gov
CITY MANAGER		James Wheeler, City Manager
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-7532	<u>info@berlinnh.gov</u>
RECREATION		Terry Letarte, Rec. Programmer
672 First Avenue, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-2010	<u>tletarte@berlinnh.gov</u>
HEALTH &WELFARE		Angela Martin Giroux, Health &
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03750	603-752-2120	Welfare Director
		amartin_giroux@berlinnh.gov
LIBRARY		Denise Jensen, Head Librarian
270 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-5210	<u>djensen@berlinnh.gov</u>
PUBLIC WORKS OFFICE		Eric Grenier, PW Director
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-4450	egrenier@berlinnh.gov
PUBLIC WORKS GARAGE		Mark Lapointe, PW Supervisor
10 Jericho Road, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-1460	mlapointe@berlinnh.gov
FINANCE/COLLECTIONS		Patricia Chase, Finance Director
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-1610	<u>pchase@berlinnh.gov</u>
FIRE DEPARTMENT	603-752-3135	John Lacasse, Fire Chief
263 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	EMERGENCY	<u>jlacasse@berlinnh.gov</u>
	911	
BERLIN HOUSING AUTHORITY	603-752-4240	Mary Jo Landry, Ex. Director
Serenity Circle, Berlin, NH 03570		<u>executivedirector@berlinha.org</u>
INSPECTION DIVISION		Michel Salek, Code Enforcement
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-1630	Office <u>msalek@berlinnh.gov</u>
PLANNING		Pamela Laflamme, Community
168 Main Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-8587	Development Director
		<u>plaflamme@berlinnh.gov</u>
POLICE DEPT	603-752-3131	Peter Morency, Police Chief
135 Green Street, Berlin, NH 03570	EMERGENCY 911	<u>bpdchief@berlinpolice.com</u>
SCHOOL DEPT		Corinne Cascadden,
183 Hillside Ave., Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-6500	Superintendent
		ccascadden@sau3.org
WASTE WATER TREATMENT		Jon Goodreau, Superintendent
10 Shelby Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-8563	jgoodreau@berlinnh.gov
WATER WORKS		Craig Carrigan, Superintendent
55 Willow Street, Berlin, NH 03570	603-752-1677	<u>craig@bwwberlinnh.org</u>

MAYORS OF THE CITY OF BERLIN

The Honorable...

Henry F. Marston	1897-1899	Aime Tondreau	1950-1957
John B. Noyes	1899-1900	Guy Fortier	1957-1958
Frank L. Wilson	1900-1901	Laurier A. Lamontagne	1958-1962
Fred M. Clement	1901-1902	Edward L. Schuette	1962-1965
John B. Gilbert	1902-1905	Dennis Kilbride	1965-1966
George E. Hutchins	1905-1908	Norman J. Tremaine	1966-1968
Fremont D. Bartlett	1908-1910	Earl F. Gage	1968-1970
Daniel J. Daley	1910-1915	Norman J. Tremaine	1970-1972
George F. Rich	1915-1919	Sylvio J. Croteau	1972-1976
Eli J. King	1919-1924	Laurier A. Lamontagne	1976-1978
J.A. Vaillancourt	1924-1926	Leo G. Ouellet	1978-1982
Eli J. King	1926-1928	Joseph J. Ottolini	1982-1986
Edward R. B. McGee	1928-1931	Roland W. Couture	1987-1990*
W.E. Corbin	1931-1932	Willard Dube	1990-1990
O.J. Coulombe	1932-1934	Leo G. Ouellet	1990-1994
Daniel J. Feindel	1934-1935	Yvonne Coulombe	1994-1996
Arthur J. Bergeron	1935-1938	Richard P. Bosa	1996-1998
Matthew J. Ryan	1938-1939	Robert DePlanche	1998-1998
Aime Tondreau	1939-1943	Richard D. Huot	1998-2000
Carl E. Morin	1943-1946	Robert Danderson	2000-2008
George E. Bell	1946-1947	David Bertrand	2008-2010
Paul A. Toussaint	1947-1950	Paul Grenier	2010-

^{*} Change in election year and change in date oath of office is taken, as of October 5, 1987.

CITY MANAGERS OF THE CITY OF BERLIN

	- 00000000
Stanley Judkins	1962-1966
Joseph Burke	1970-1973
James C. Smith	1973-1978
Michael L. Donovan	1978-1983
Mitchell A. Berkowitz	1983-1998
George E. McMahon	1998-1998
Robert L. Théberge	1999-2002
Patrick MacQueen	2002-2013
James A. Wheeler	2013-



White River Junction VA Medical Center 215 North Main Street White River Junction, VT 05009 866-687-8387 (Toll Free) 802-295-9363 (Commercial)

In Reply Refer to: 405/00

November 29, 2018

Dear Veteran,

The White River Junction VA Medical Center is attempting to contact all Veterans in our catchment area of Vermont and New Hampshire who are not enrolled or are enrolled and no longer utilizing our services. If you currently receive our services, please pass this note on to a Veteran who may benefit.

We offer a wide variety of services including assistance to Veterans who are homeless or unemployed to providing primary and specialty care. We have a robust mental health department offering one-on-one counseling, peer support, group sessions, and more. There is a designated treatment area for our women Veterans at the Women's Comprehensive Care Clinic; a safe space.

The White River Junction VA Medical Center has seven community based outpatient clinics. They are located in Bennington, Rutland, Brattleboro, Newport and Burlington, Vermont; in New Hampshire we offer services in Keene and Littleton. We are here to serve all Veterans, please do not hesitate to contact us, if for no other reason than to register/enroll with us in case of future need.

Our eligibility office in White River Junction can be reached at 802-295-9363 extension 5118. A single form - VA form 10-10EZ – and a copy of the DD214 is all that is needed.

The American Legion, Disabled American Veterans and the Veterans of Foreign Wars have full time service officers that are knowledgeable about our programs. These independent organizations serve all Veterans including nonmembers in processing disability and pension claims. They can be reached in White River Junction at:

American Legion 802-296-5166 Disabled American Veterans 802-296-5167 Veterans of Foreign Wars 802-296-5168

Thank you for your service to our nation. On behalf of the White River Junction VA Medical Center team, we look forward to serving you.

Sincerely,

Laura Miraldi

Acting Medical Center Director